

Open and Hidden Charm production in 920 GeV Proton-Nucleus Collisions

Marko Starič (HERA-B Collaboration)
Jožef Stefan Institute, Ljubljana, Slovenia

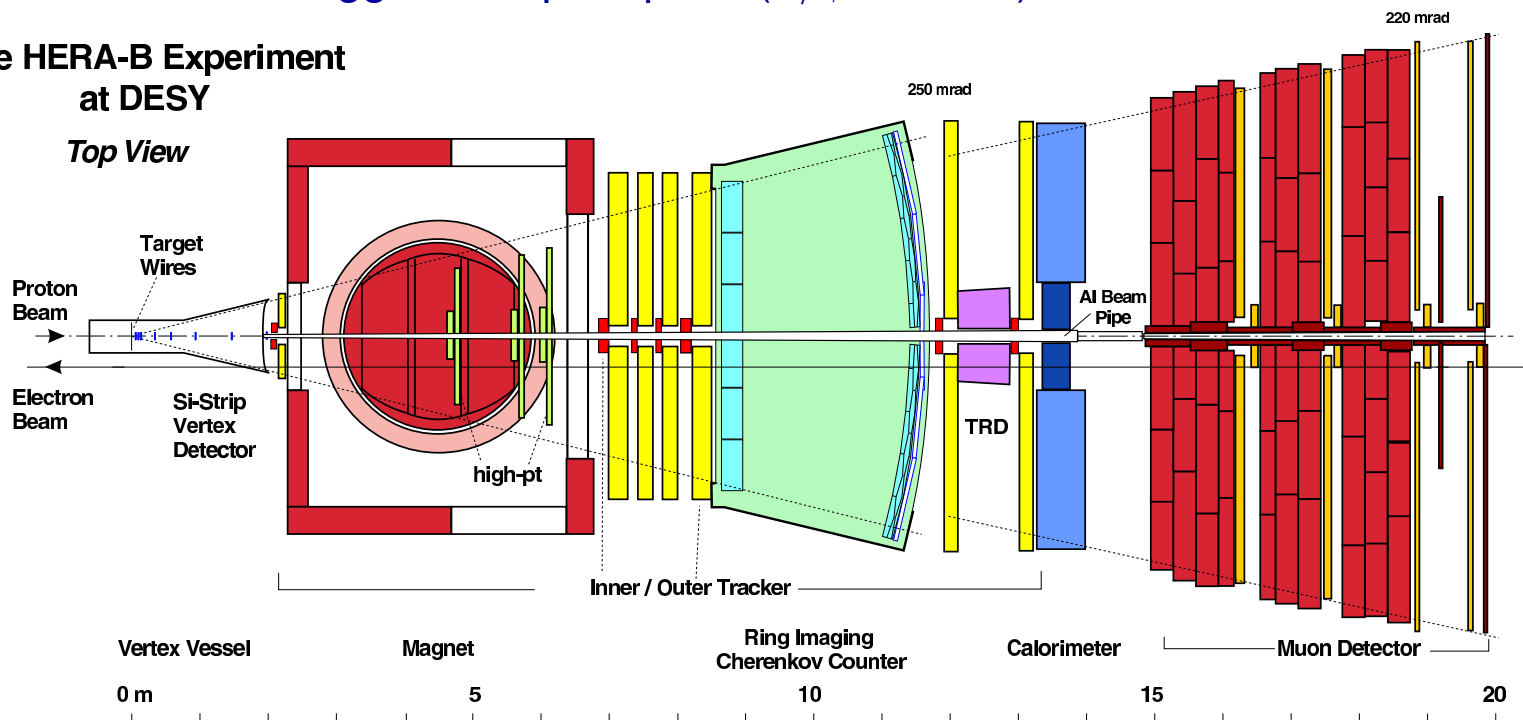
Štrbské Pleso, 14 - 18 April 2004
DIS 2004

- ◆ HERA-B detector
- ◆ Open charm production
- ◆ Charmonium production
- ◆ Conclusions

The HERA-B Detector

- ◆ Fixed target detector at e-p ring HERA, DESY
- ◆ High rate forward spectrometer ($<40\text{MHz}$)
- ◆ Wire targets (different materials) in proton beam halo
- ◆ Proton beam at $920\text{ GeV}/c$ ($\sqrt{s} = 41.6\text{ GeV}$)
- ◆ High resolution vertexing
- ◆ Very good particle ID for e, μ, π, K and p
- ◆ Hardware track trigger for lepton pairs ($J/\psi \rightarrow l^+l^-$)

The HERA-B Experiment
at DESY



Data Sample

Data taking period: November 2002 - March 2003

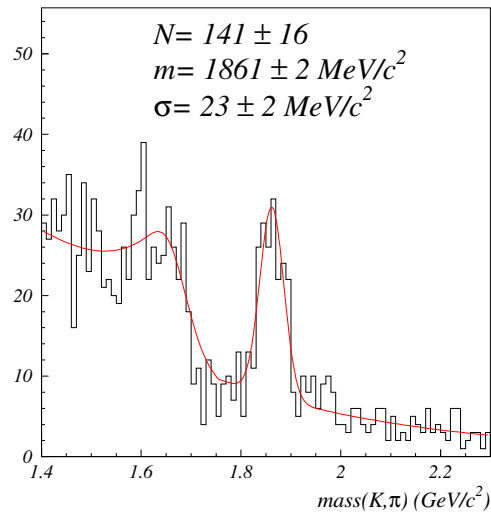
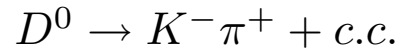
Trigger modes:

- ◆ Di-lepton trigger:
 - 150M events
 - ~300k J/ψ collected
 - achieved J/ψ rates: 1200 - 1400 /hour
 - study of charmonium production
- ◆ Interaction trigger (hits in RICH or energy in ECAL):
 - 210M events
 - achieved logging rates: 1000 Hz (1.7 Tb/day)
 - study of open charm production

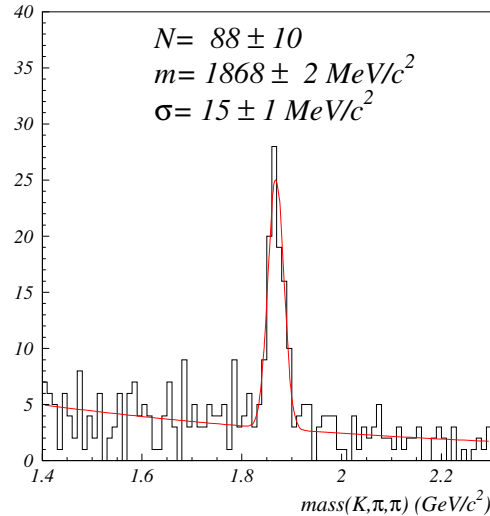
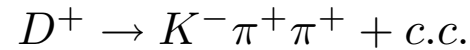
All results are preliminary

Open Charm - Introduction

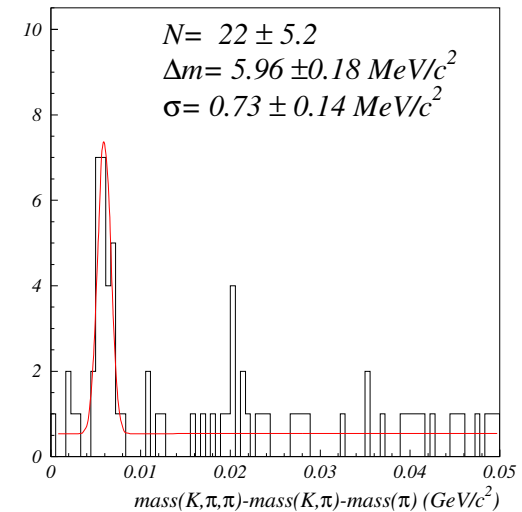
- ◆ With 150M interaction trigger events, open charm signals observed:



$$N_D = 141 \pm 16$$



$$N_D = 88 \pm 10$$



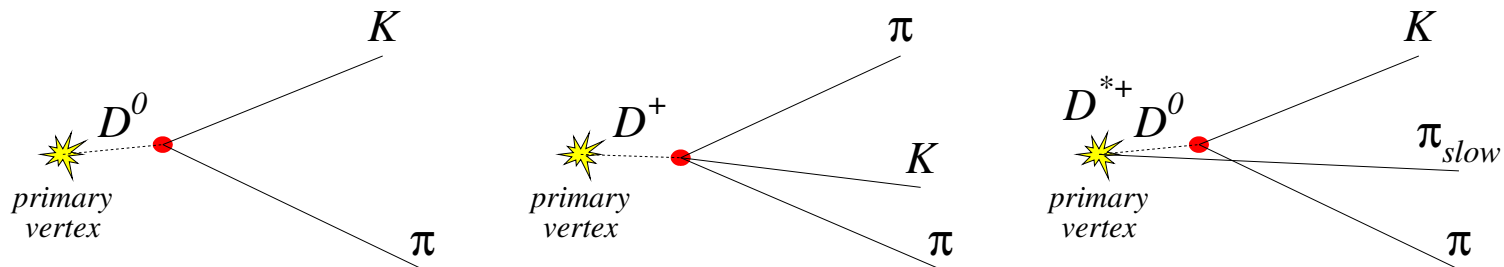
$$N_D = 22 \pm 5.2$$

- ◆ Preliminary results on total production cross sections for D^0 , D^+ and D^{*+}
- ◆ Preliminary results for production ratios D^+/D^0 and D^{*+}/D^0

Open Charm - Data analysis

To select events the following criteria were used:

- ◆ *Event selection:* ≥ 1 prim. vertex reconstructed
- ◆ *Particle ID:* identification of K and π in RICH
- ◆ *Tracks form a common vertex:* $\text{prob}(\chi^2, \text{ndf}) > 0.01$
- ◆ *Vertex of D^0 (D^+) is detached :*
 - cut on significance of distance to primary vertex $\Delta z/\sigma_z > 6(10)$
 - cut on significance of K and π impact parameter to primary $\Delta b/\sigma_b > 4$
- ◆ *D meson comes from primary vertex:* $\Delta b/\sigma_b < 3$
- ◆ *D^{*+} : reconstructed $D^0 \rightarrow K\pi$ with mass within $\pm 50\text{MeV}$ of D^0 table mass*



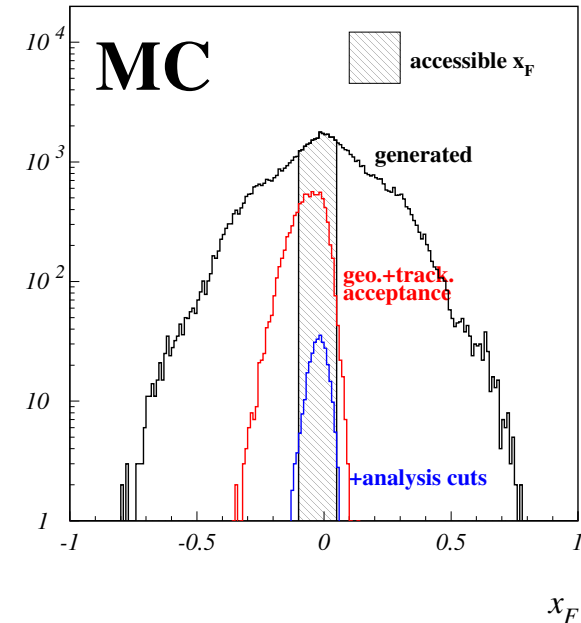
Open Charm - Efficiency

- ◆ Cross-section per nucleon:

$$\sigma_D = \frac{N_D}{\epsilon \cdot br \cdot \sum A_i L_i}, \quad \sum A_i L_i = 10985 \mu b^{-1}$$

(linear A-dependency, $\sigma_{pA} = \sigma_{pN} \cdot A$, assumed)

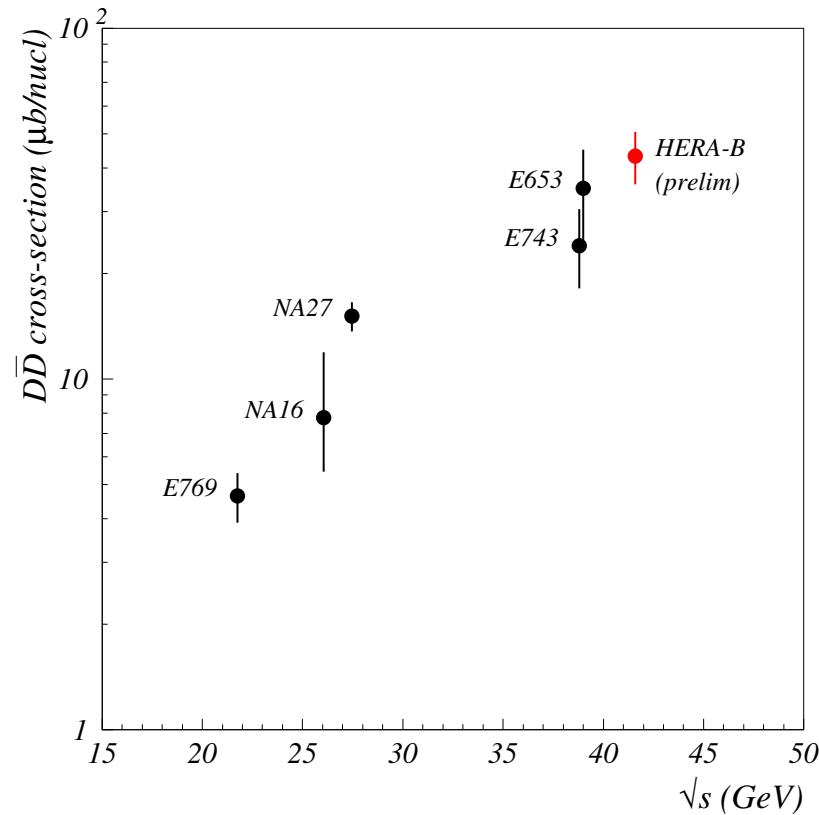
- ◆ MC used for efficiency determination
PYTHIA 5.7 - $pN \rightarrow Q\bar{Q}X$
FRITIOF 7.02 - the remaining part
- ◆ Efficiency for $D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$:
overall: 0.6%
main losses:
 - detector acceptance ($\approx 10\%$)
 - detached vertex ($\approx 10\%$)
- ◆ Accessible kinematic range: $x_F \in [-0.1, 0.05]$



Open Charm - Cross sections

◆ Cross sections per nucleon in μb - preliminary

	$-0.1 < x_F < 0.05$	full x_F
$\sigma(D^0)$	$21.4 \pm 3.2 \pm 3.6$	$56.3 \pm 8.5 \pm 9.5$
$\sigma(D^+)$	$11.5 \pm 1.7 \pm 2.2$	$30.2 \pm 4.5 \pm 5.8$
$\sigma(D^{*+})$	$10.3 \pm 2.8 \pm 1.5$	$28.5 \pm 7.6 \pm 4.2$



← $D\bar{D}$ cross section:

$$\sigma(D\bar{D}) = \frac{\sigma(D^0) + \sigma(D^+)}{2}$$

(other data points from *C. Lourenco and H. Wohri, CERN-EP/2003-xxx*)

Open Charm - Cross section ratios

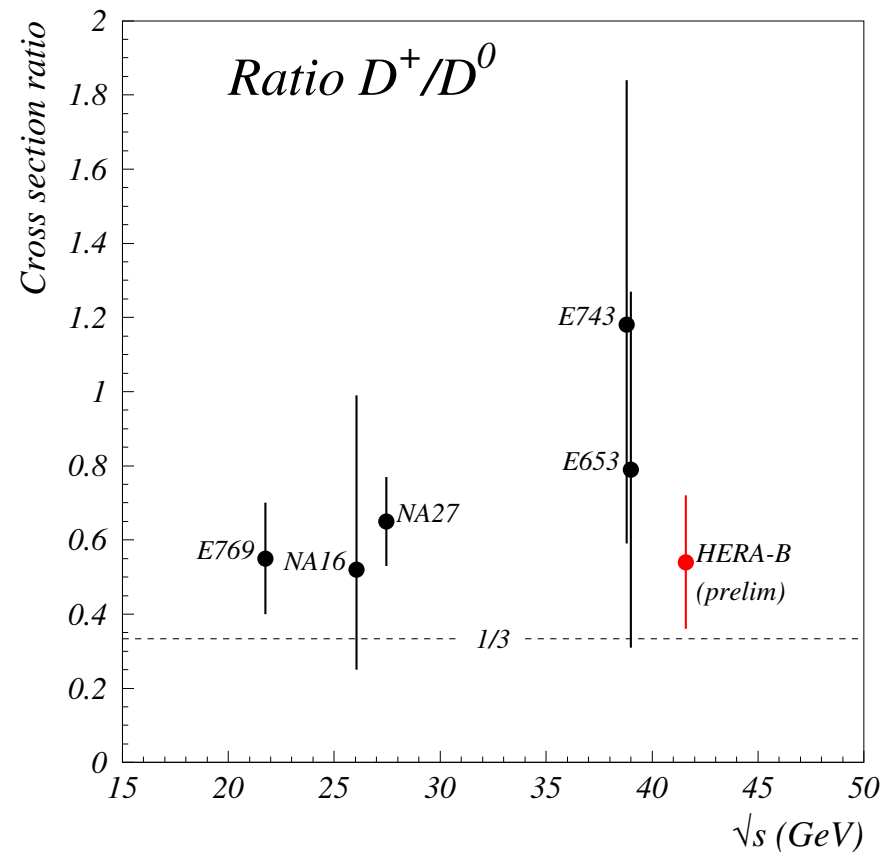
- ◆ A simple model based on isospin invariance, polarization states of D and D^* and $Br(D^* \rightarrow D)$ predicts:

$$R(D^+/D^0) \approx 1/3$$

$$R(D^{*+}/D^0) \approx 1/2$$

- ◆ Our preliminary results

	ratio
$R(D^+/D^0)$	$0.54 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.14$
$R(D^{*+}/D^0)$	$0.51 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.10$

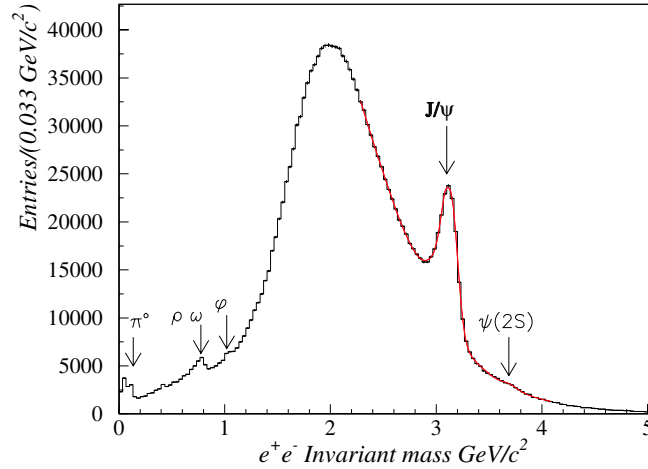


(other data points from *C. Lourenco and H. Wohri, CERN-EP/2003-xxx*)

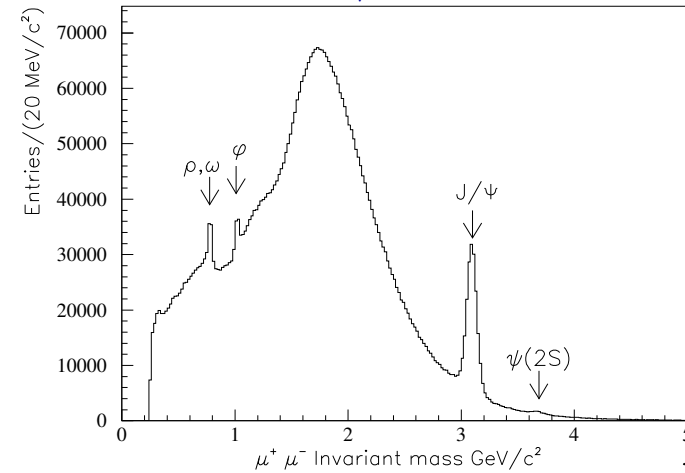
Charmonium - Introduction

Di-lepton trigger data

$\sim 150\,000\ J/\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-$



$\sim 150\,000\ J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$

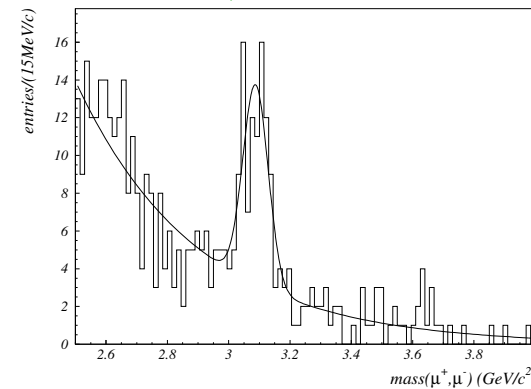


Topics

- ◆ J/ψ differential distributions
 - p_t distribution
 - x_F distribution
 - A-dependence
- ◆ $\psi(2s)$ production
- ◆ $\chi_c/J/\psi$ production ratio

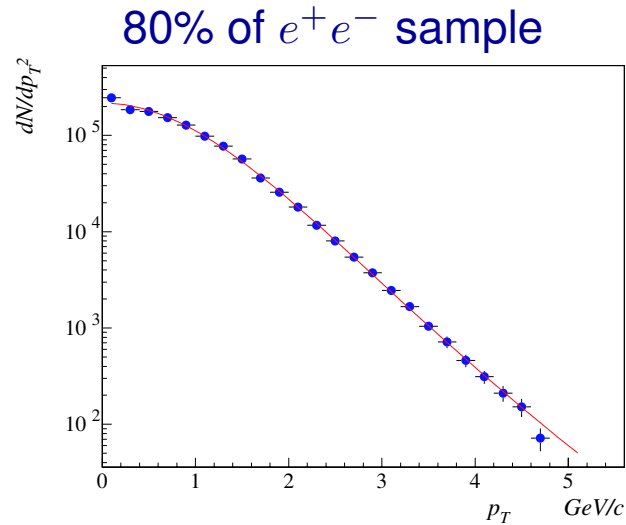
Interaction trigger data

$\sim 100\ J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$



→ J/ψ production cross section

p_t distribution of J/ψ



Parametrization:

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dp_t^2} = \beta \cdot \left[1 + \left(\frac{35\pi p_t}{256 \langle p_t \rangle} \right)^2 \right]^{-6}$$

→ wide range in p_t

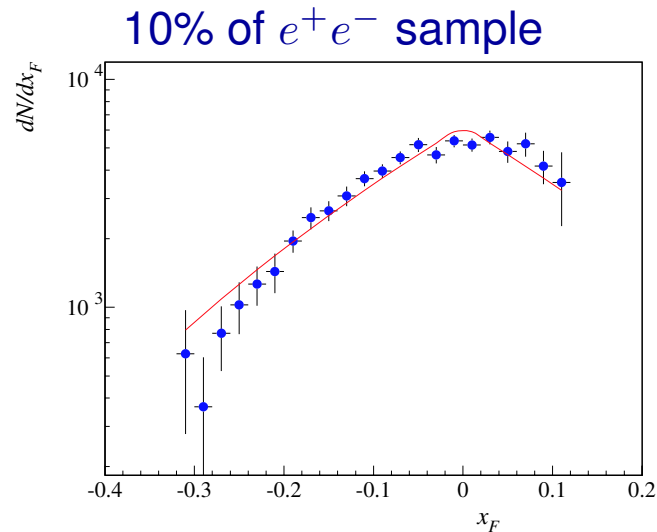
Preliminary results for $\langle p_t \rangle$:

Target	Exp.	p_t range	$\langle p_t \rangle (e^\pm)$	$\langle p_t \rangle (\mu^\pm)$	error
C 920	HERA-B	≤ 4.8	1.22	1.22	0.01*
W 920	HERA-B	≤ 4.8	1.29	1.29	0.01*
Si 800	E771	≤ 3.5		1.20	0.01
Au 800	E789	≤ 2.6		1.29	0.009

* statistical error only

→ confirmation of p_t -broadening with increased atomic number

x_F distribution of J/ψ



Parametrization:

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dx_F} = \beta \cdot (1 - |x_F|)^c$$

(is it adequate to describe exp. data ?)

→ negative x_F range accessible

Preliminary results for exponent c :

Target	Exp.	x_F range	$c(e^\pm)$	$c(\mu^\pm)$	error
C, W 920	HERA-B	-0.35 : 0.15	5 - 6.5		0.3*
Si 800	E771	-0.05 : 0.25		6.54	0.23
Au 800	E789	-0.03 : 0.13		4.91	0.18
Cu 800	E789	0.30 : 0.95		5.21	0.04

* statistical error only

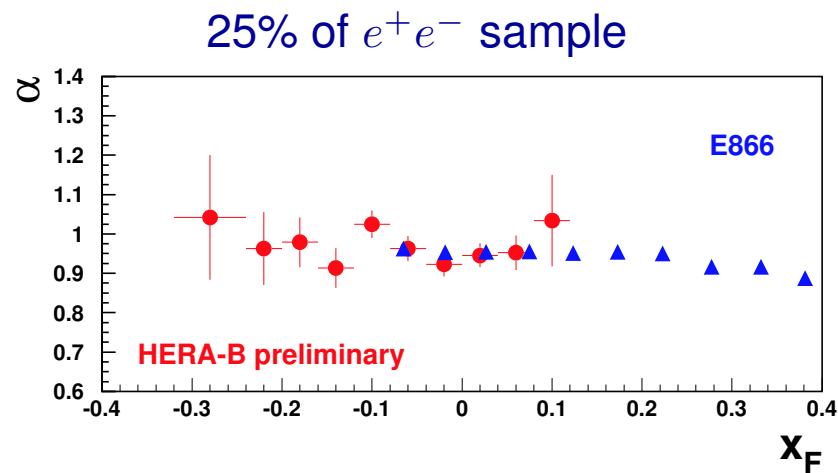
Analysis still ongoing → only range in c presented (10% of e^+e^- sample used)

A-dependence of J/ψ

- ◆ Simultaneous measurements with C and W target
→ HERA-B well suited to study A-dependence of J/ψ production
- ◆ Parametrization of cross section:

$$\sigma_{pA} = \sigma_{pN} \cdot A^\alpha, \quad \alpha = \frac{1}{\log(A_W/A_C)} \cdot \log\left(\frac{N_W}{N_C} \frac{\mathcal{L}_W}{\mathcal{L}_C} \frac{\epsilon_W}{\epsilon_C}\right)$$

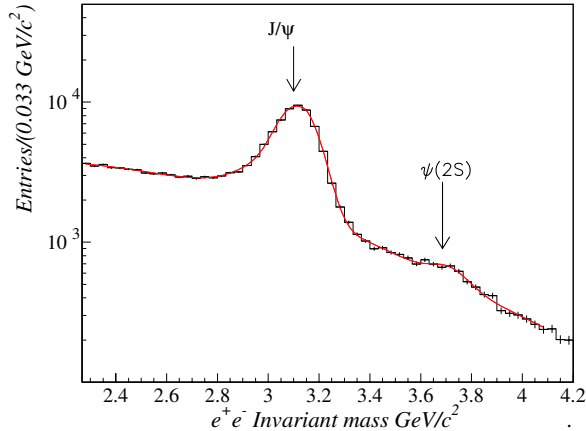
- ◆ Theoretical predictions for $x_F < 0$
NRQCD: α is decreasing with decreasing x_F
BCKT: α is increasing with decreasing x_F



- ◆ Ratio of efficiencies includes full detector + trigger simulation
- ◆ Ratio of luminosities under investigation
→ normalized to E866 result

$\psi(2s)$ production

30% of e^+e^- sample



Cross section ratio:

$$R_{\psi(2s)} = \frac{N_{\psi(2s)}}{N_{J/\psi}} \cdot \frac{Br(\psi(2s) \rightarrow e^+e^-)}{Br(J/\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-)} \cdot \frac{\epsilon_{\psi(2s)}}{\epsilon_{J/\psi}}$$

Preliminary result (carbon target):

$$R_{\psi(2s)} = 0.13 \pm 0.02$$

Cross section:

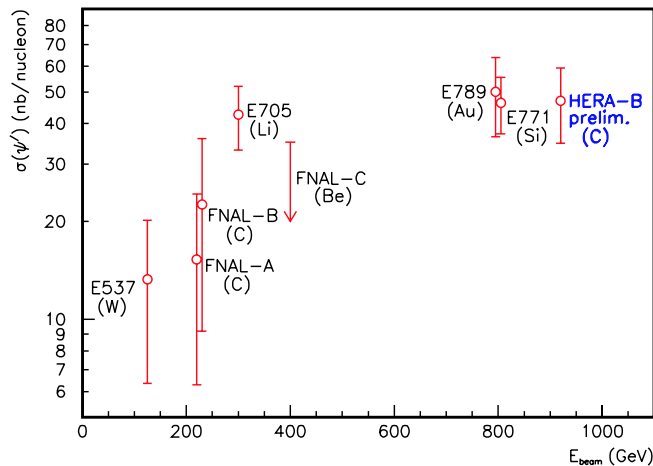
$$\sigma_{\psi(2s)} = R_{\psi(2s)} \cdot \sigma_{J/\psi}$$

With $\sigma_{J/\psi}$ from E771 and E789:

$$\sigma_{J/\psi} = (357 \pm 8 \pm 27) nb/nucleon$$

Preliminary result (carbon target):

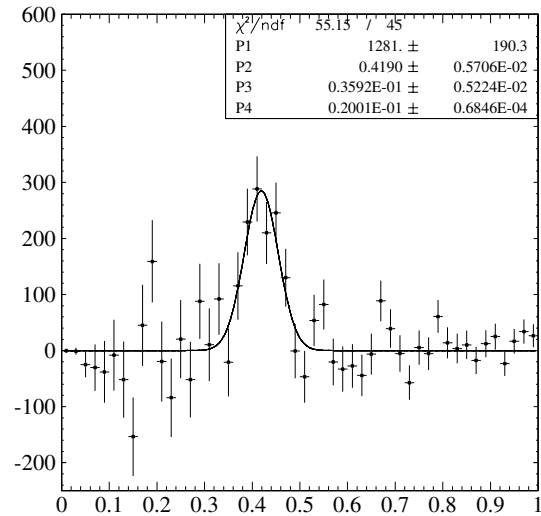
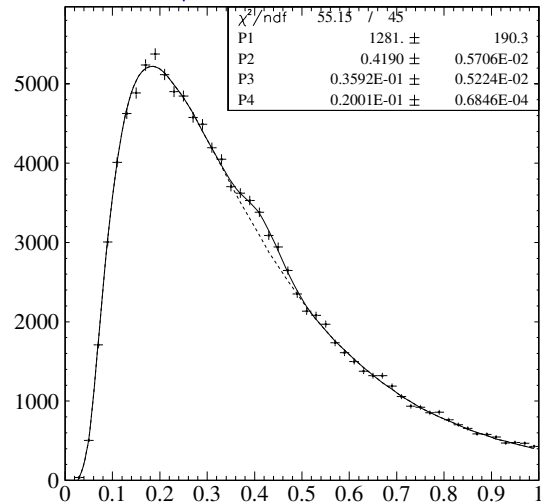
$$\sigma_{\psi(2s)} = (46 \pm 12) nb/nucleon$$



Systematic studies ongoing. Muon channel gives compatible result.

$\chi_c/J/\psi$ production ratio

$\chi_c \rightarrow \gamma J/\psi$ (15% of $\mu^+ \mu^-$)



$\Delta m (GeV/c^2)$

Production ratio:

$$R_{\chi_c} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^2 \sigma(\chi_c) \cdot Br(\chi_c \rightarrow J/\psi)}{\sigma(J/\psi)} = \frac{N_{\chi_c}}{N_{J/\psi}} \cdot \frac{\epsilon_{J/\psi}}{\epsilon_{\chi_c} \epsilon_{\gamma}}$$

(ECAL resolution does not allow to separate χ_{c1} and χ_{c2} states)

Results of 2000 (Phys.Lett. B561(2003)61):

$$N(\chi_c) = 370 \pm 74 \quad (\mu^+ \mu^-, e^+ e^-)$$

$$R(\chi_c) = 0.32 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.04$$

→ in good agreement with NRQCD prediction.

Preliminary results of 2002/03:

$$N(\chi_c) \approx 1300 \quad (15\% \text{ of } \mu^+ \mu^-)$$

$$R(\chi_c) = 0.21 \pm 0.05$$

Expect to get $N(\chi_c) \sim 15000$ for full sample.

Conclusions

- ◆ Large dilepton sample (both e^+e^- and $\mu^+\mu^-$) allows for detailed study of J/ψ and $\psi(2s)$ production
- ◆ Large minimum bias sample allows for competitive measurement of open charm production cross sections
- ◆ Quality of data is very good
- ◆ HERA-B has large acceptance (negative x_F) and good particle identification
- ◆ Analysis of 2002/2003 data in progress
- ◆ Preliminary results presented