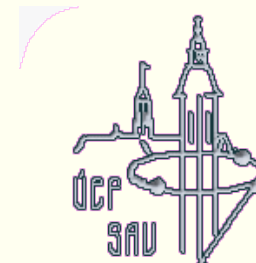


Performance of the ATLAS Liquid Argon Endcap Calorimeter in Beam Tests

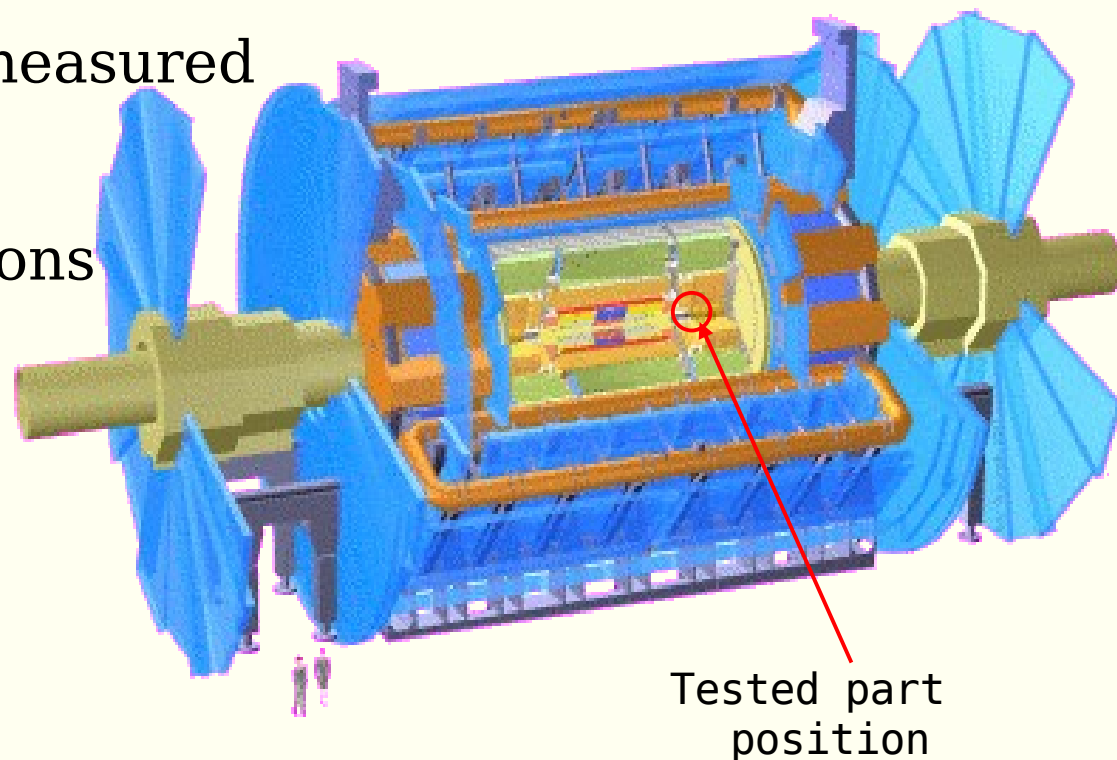


Pavol Strizenec (*IEP SAS Kosice*)
on behalf of **ATLAS LAr Endcap Group**



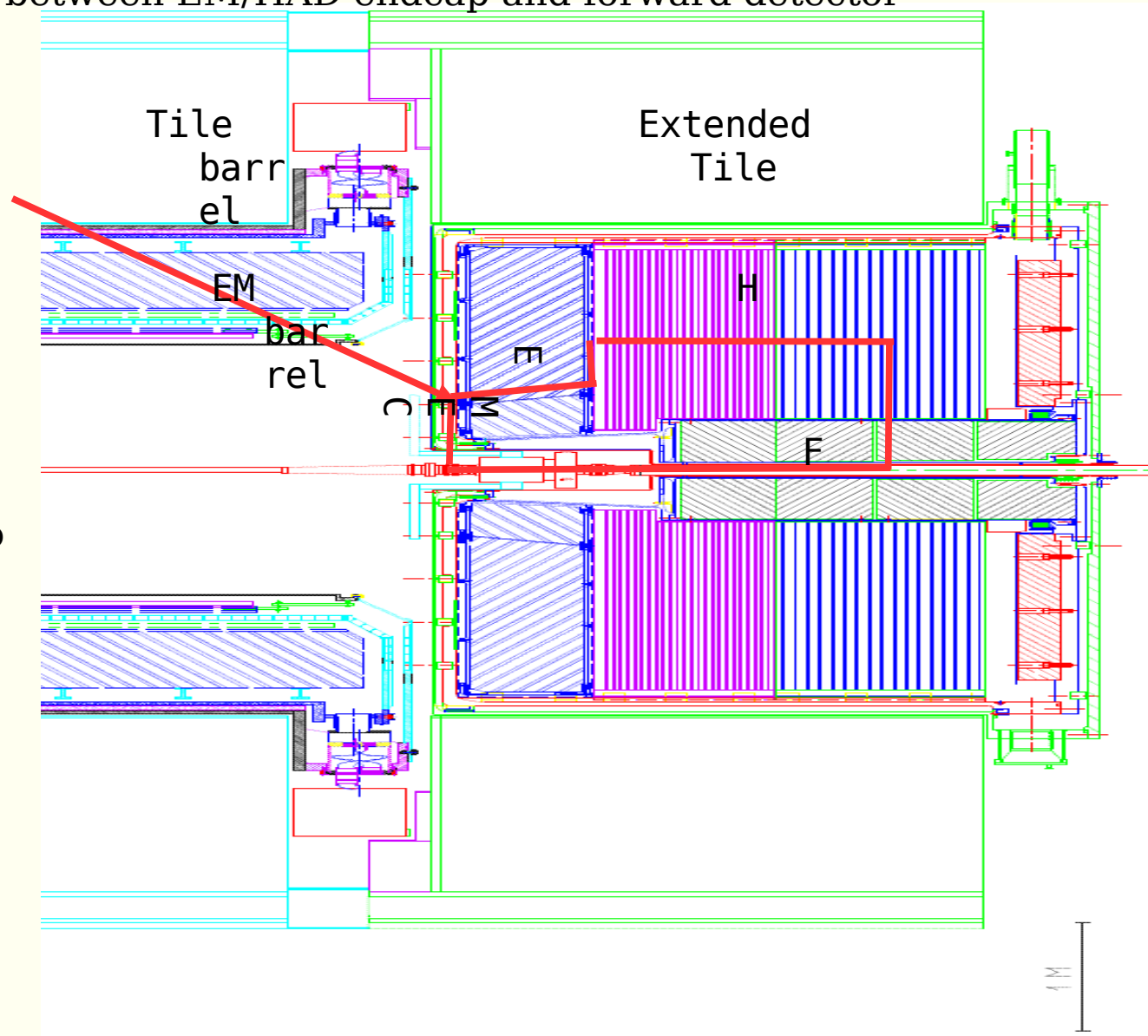
◆ Outline:

- ◆ Setup description and data measured
- ◆ MC description
- ◆ Basic performance for electrons
- ◆ Basic performance for pions
- ◆ Noise cuts study
- ◆ Conclusions



◆ Setup:

- ◆ Combined test of three LAr detectors in ATLAS forward region
- ◆ Quite complicated area – crack between EM/HAD endcap and forward detector
 - on 2D view of calorimeters the tested region is marked by red line
 - one Module0 of EMEC Inner Wheel (lead, accordion shape), readout segmentation 0.1×0.1 ($\eta \times \phi$)
 - one quadrant in phi of HEC (parallel flat copper plates), readout segmentation 0.1×0.1 in outer and 0.2×0.2 in inner wheel
 - one quadrant in phi of FCAL (EM part copper, HAD part tungsten alloy with cylindrical electrodes, parallel to beam), readout segmentation not projective, $\sim 0.2 \times 0.2$
 - dead materials between calorimeters and in front of FCAL close to the ATLAS case (no beam pipe...), trying to be as close as possible to “nominal” situation
 - setup placed in H1 cryostat in CERN North Hall, using the H6 beam line
 - slanting a setup to be “projective” at $\eta \sim 2.8$

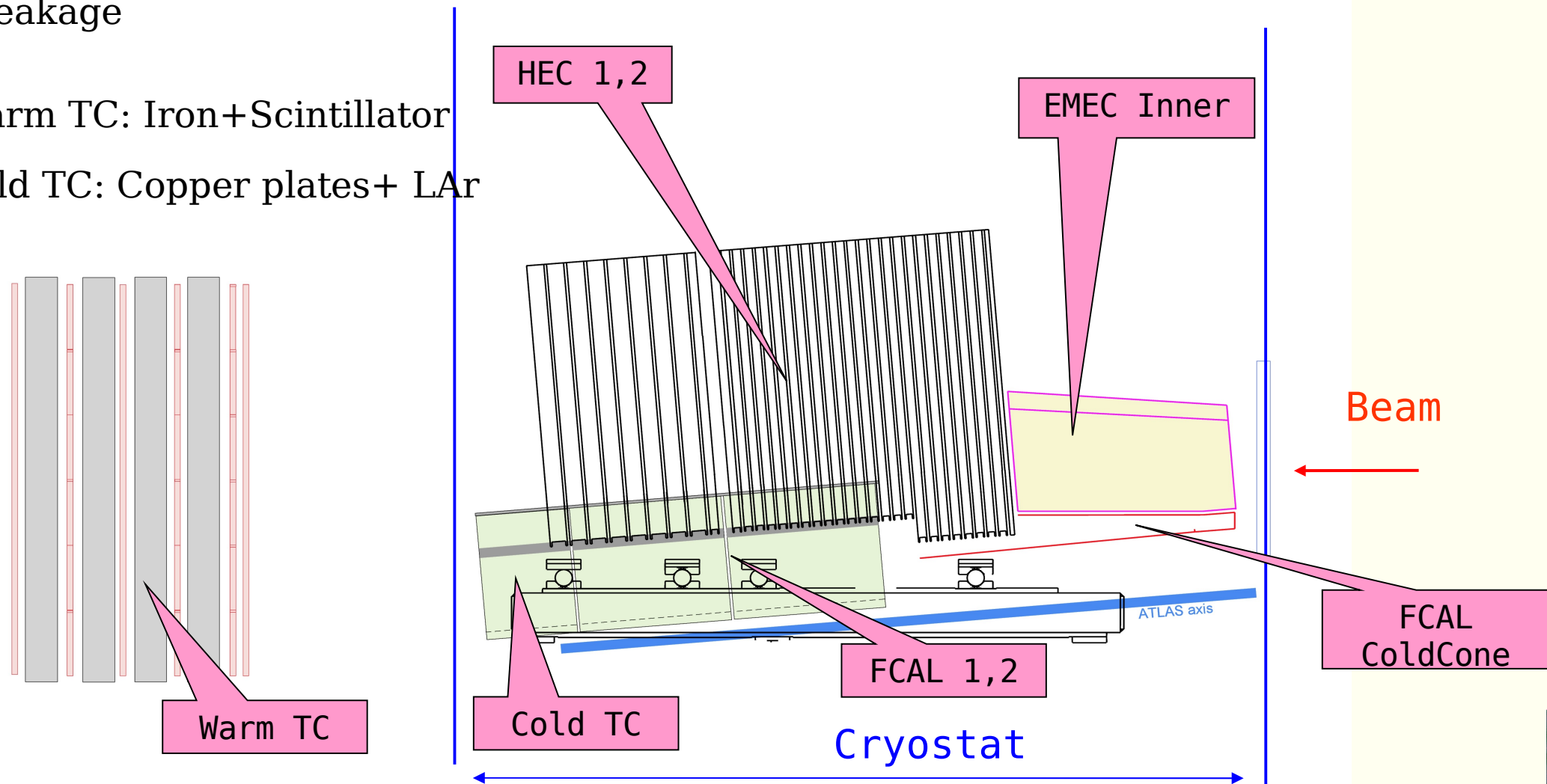


Performance of the ATLAS Liquid Argon Endcap Calorimeter in Beam Tests

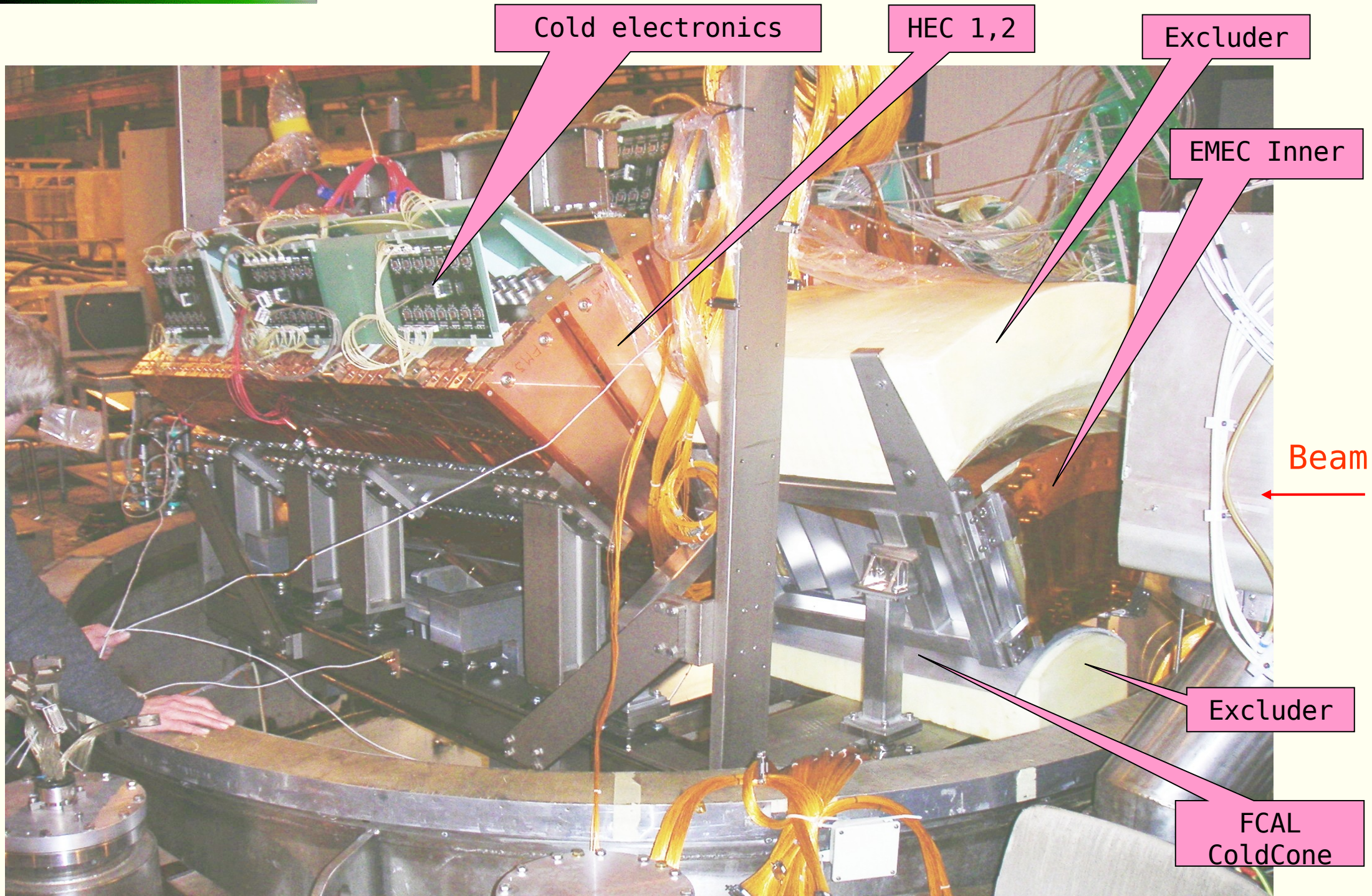
- Limited acceptance, because of space constraint in H1 cryostat
- ◆ Warm and Cold Tail Catchers are TB specific devices to help identify a longitudinal leakage

◆ Warm TC: Iron+Scintillator

◆ Cold TC: Copper plates+ LAr



Performance of the ATLAS Liquid Argon Endcap Calorimeter in Beam Tests



Performance of the ATLAS Liquid Argon Endcap Calorimeter in Beam Tests

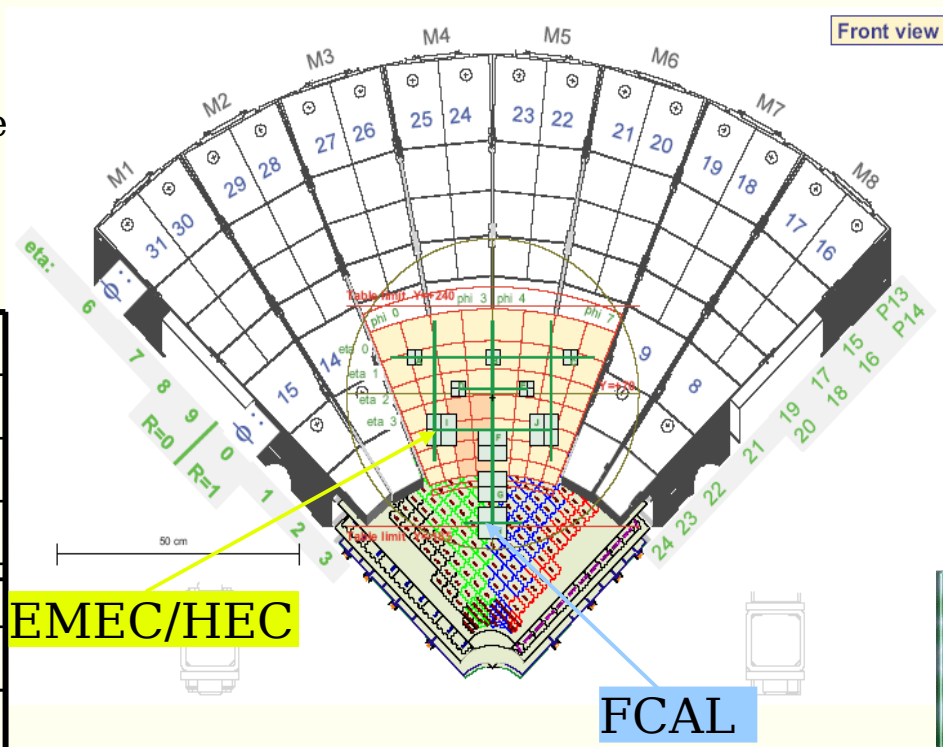
Data:

- Readout was done with various prototypes and versions -1 of final ATLAS electronics, therefore parameters not directly transferable to a data taking
- Various scans were performed (e-, pi, position (x- and y-), energies 6-200GeV in fixed points)
- Electronics calibration in a similar way as envisaged for ATLAS

Noise:

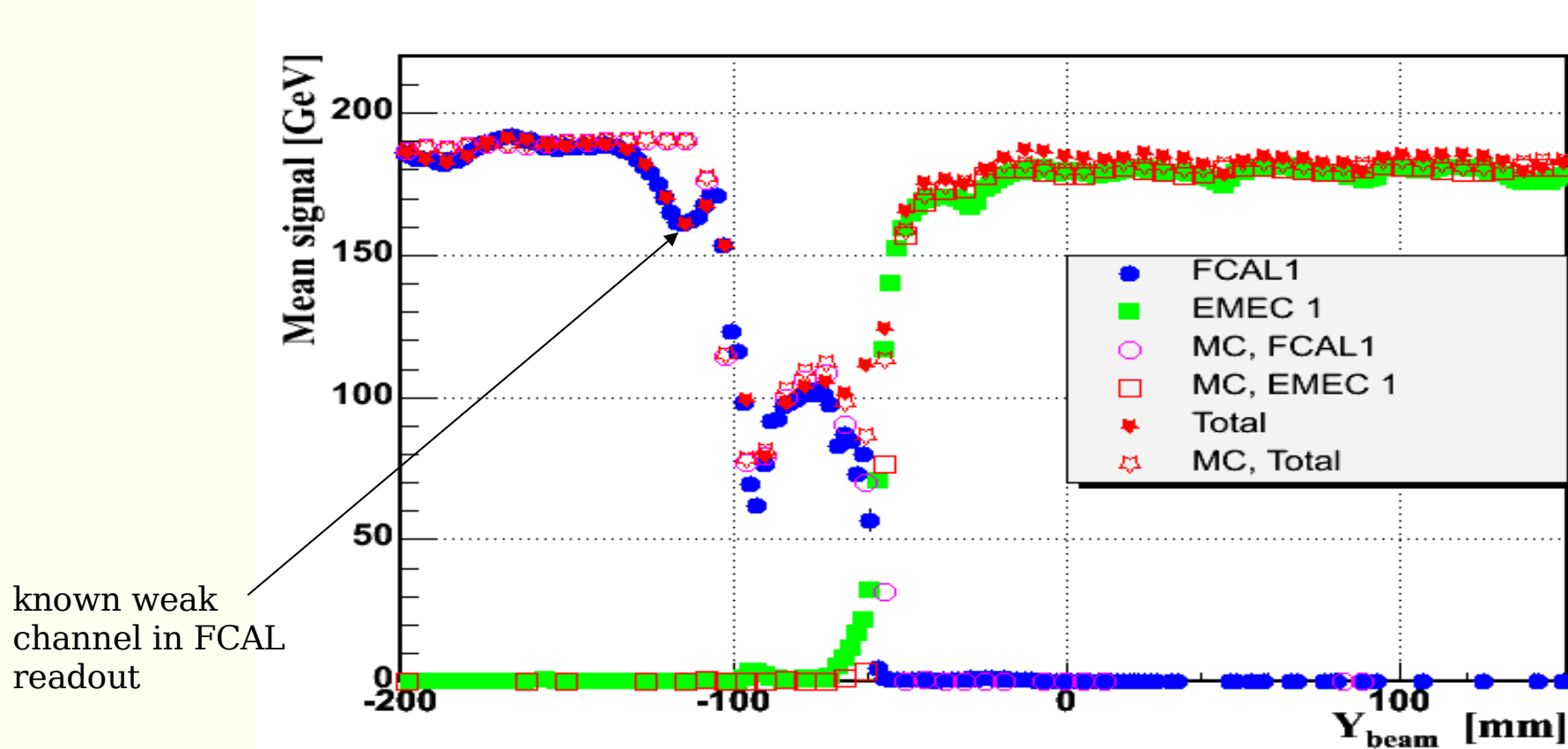
- Some problem with prototype of HEC Power supply found, source of coherent noise, but it was possible partially to correct it
- noise is measured from *empty calo cells*, or using estimate from *first reading sample x suppression factor* (taking into account suppression done by filtering used for signal amplitude reconstruction)
- also typical cluster noise shown for EM and had. clusters

	Cell noise [MeV]	Estimate [MeV]	Cluster EM	Noise [MeV]
EMEC2	80	80	EMEC, 0.15	550
EMEC3	60	60	EMEC, 0.25	1300
HEC0	200	190	FCAL, 0.25	1100
HEC1	280	250	Cluster HAD	Noise [MeV]
HEC2	460	420	EM/HEC, 0.3	4200
FCAL1	240	180	EM/HEC, 0.5	7100
FCAL2	370	315	FCAL, 0.3	3100
			FCAL, 0.5	6700

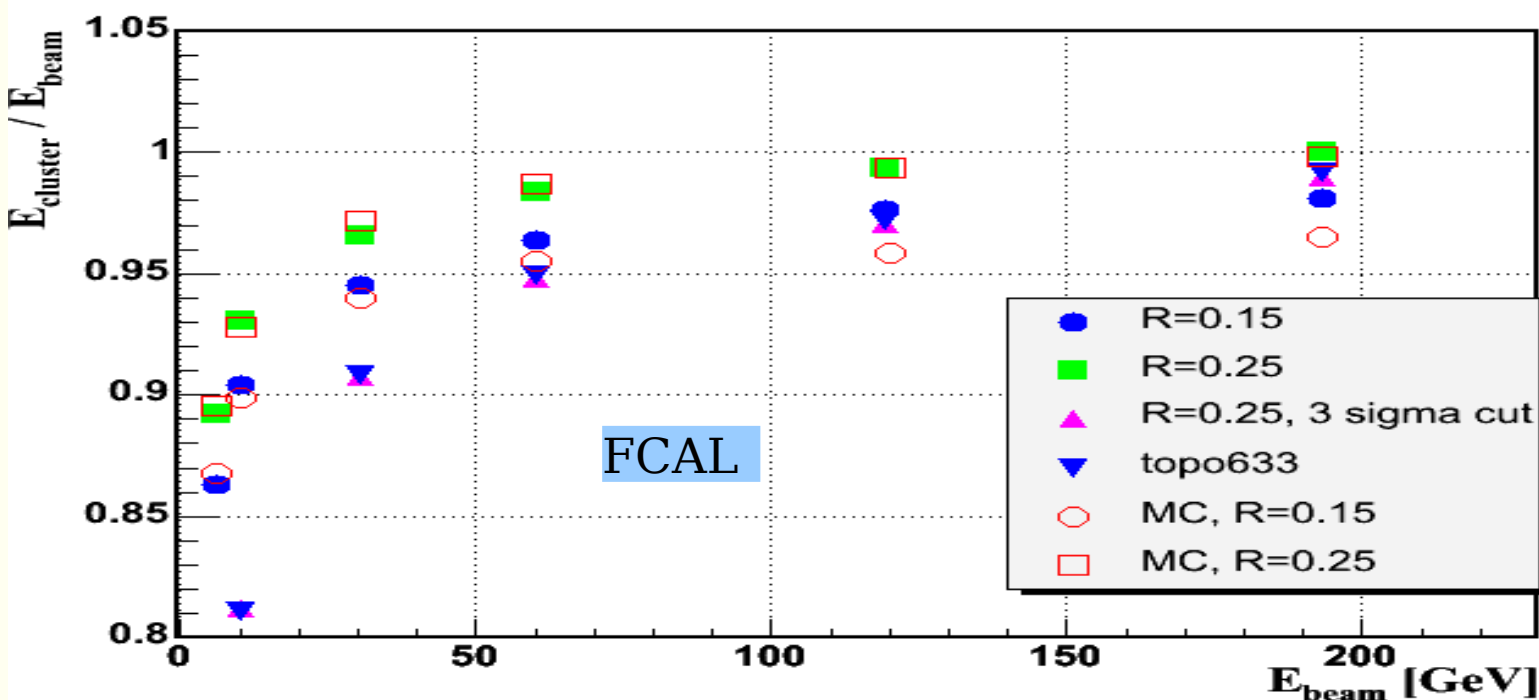
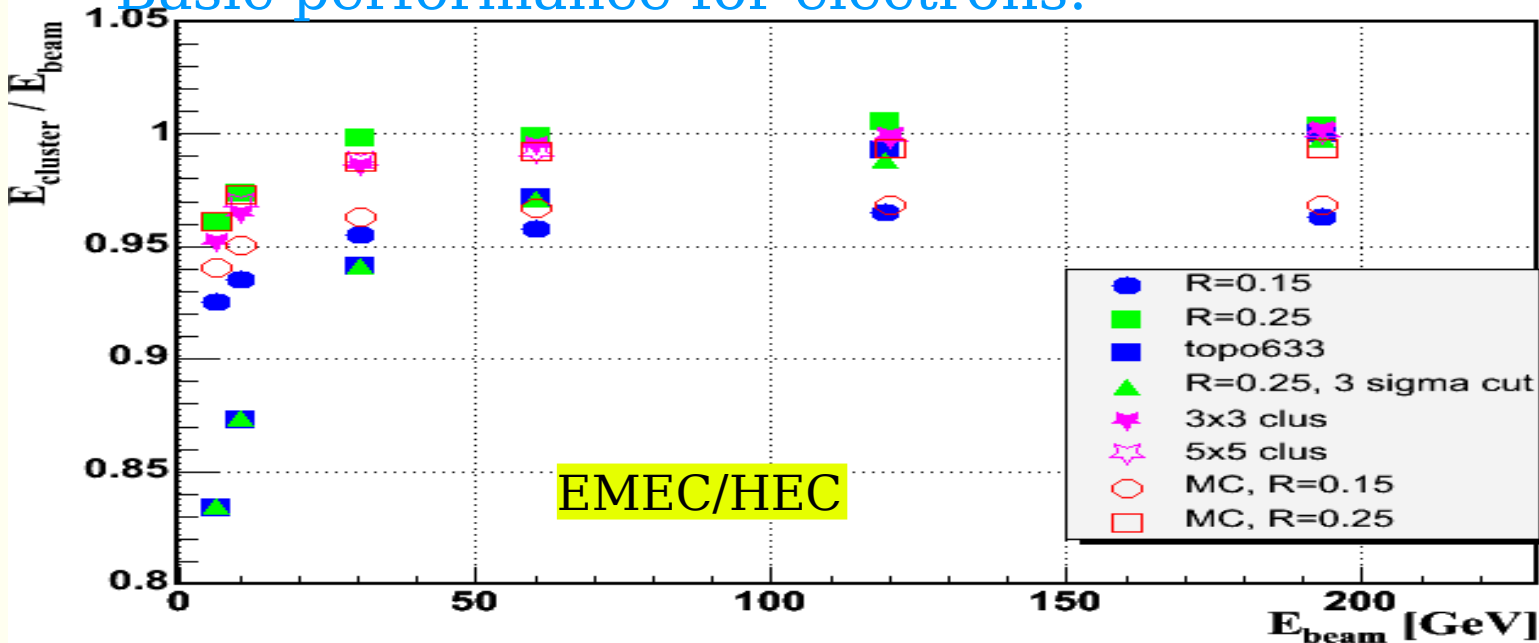


◆ MC:

- Most simulation done so far with G4 7.1p01, only recently switched to a newer versions (coupled to a ATLAS releases used for analysis), not final results yet
- ◆ Physics list used QGSP_GN and QGSP_BERT, the second one used for comparison with data – better description, specially of shower shape
- ◆ to check the MC geometry – vertical scan with electrons
- ◆ open symbols are MC on all following plots



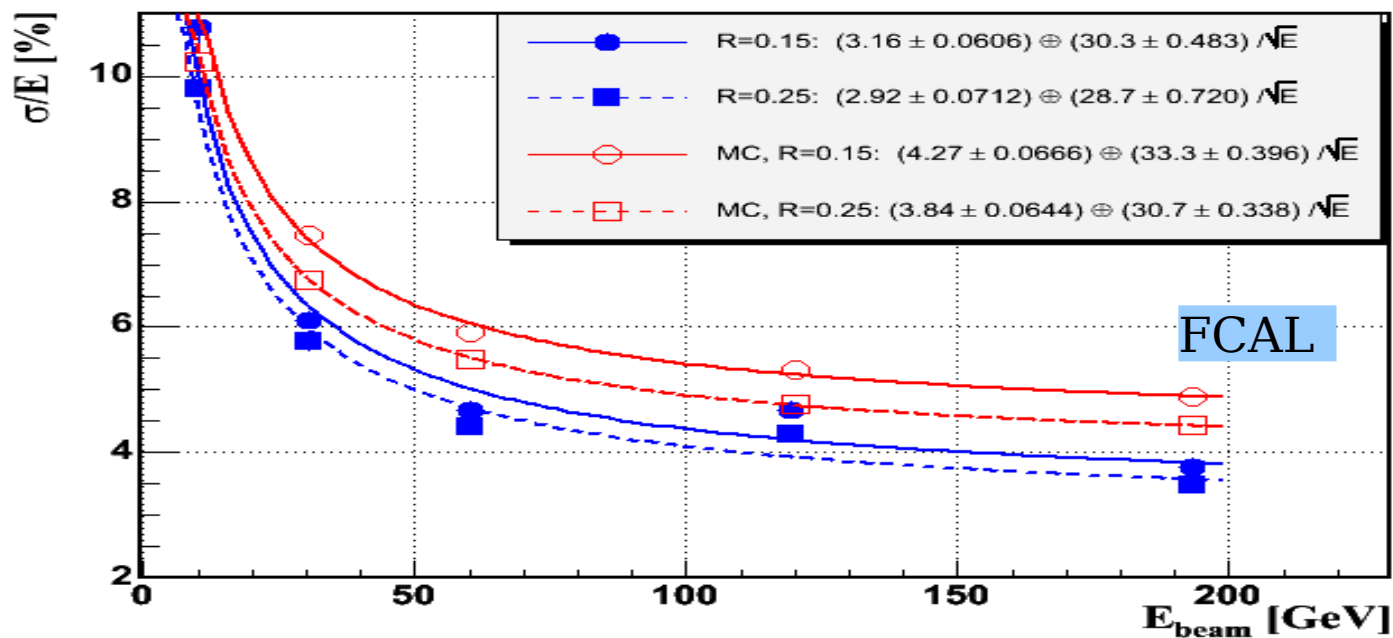
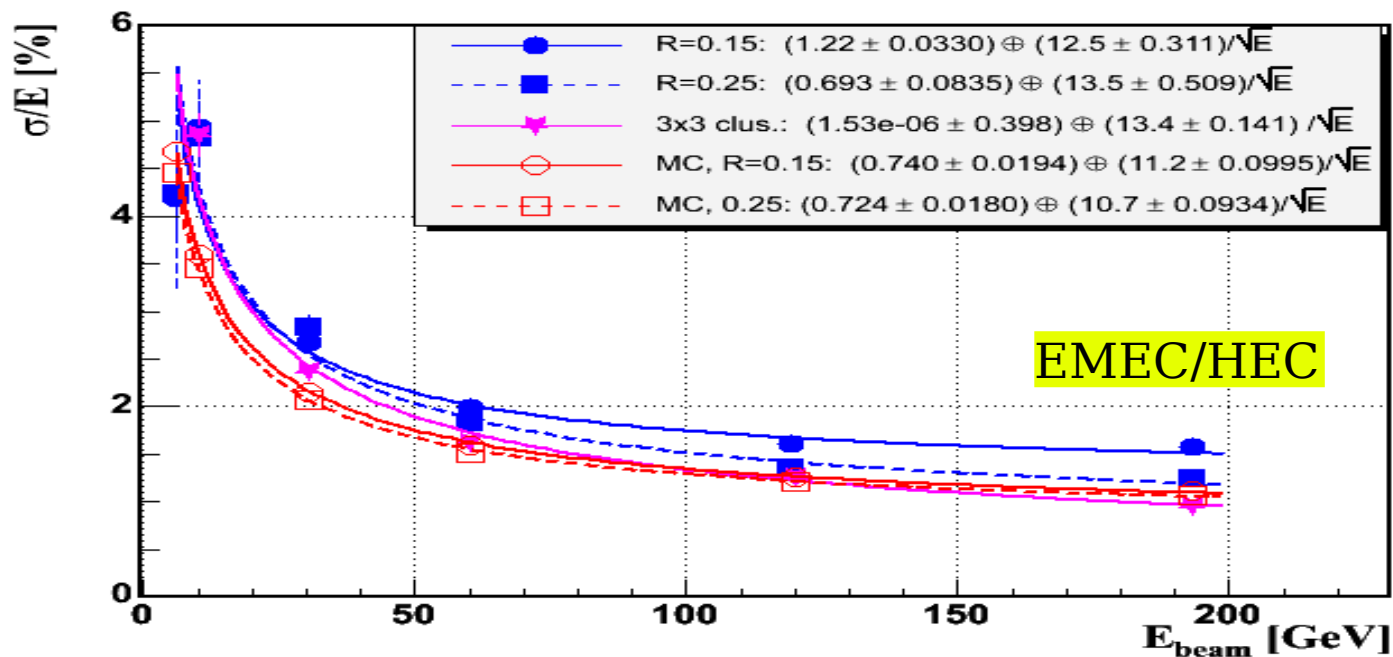
Basic performance for electrons:



Electron linearity in standard impact points

- cone clusters - clear visible that $R < 0.15$ does not collect enough signal
- cone 0.25 cluster very close to MC expectation, 0.15 shows difference at low energies
- “topo 633” topological cluster (*more about topological clustering in a talk of G. Pospelov*) expected behaviour – comparable with cone+ 3σ cut
- 3x3 and 5x5 are standard towers used in EM calo for e/γ reconstruction

Basic performance for electrons:



Electron resolution for standard points

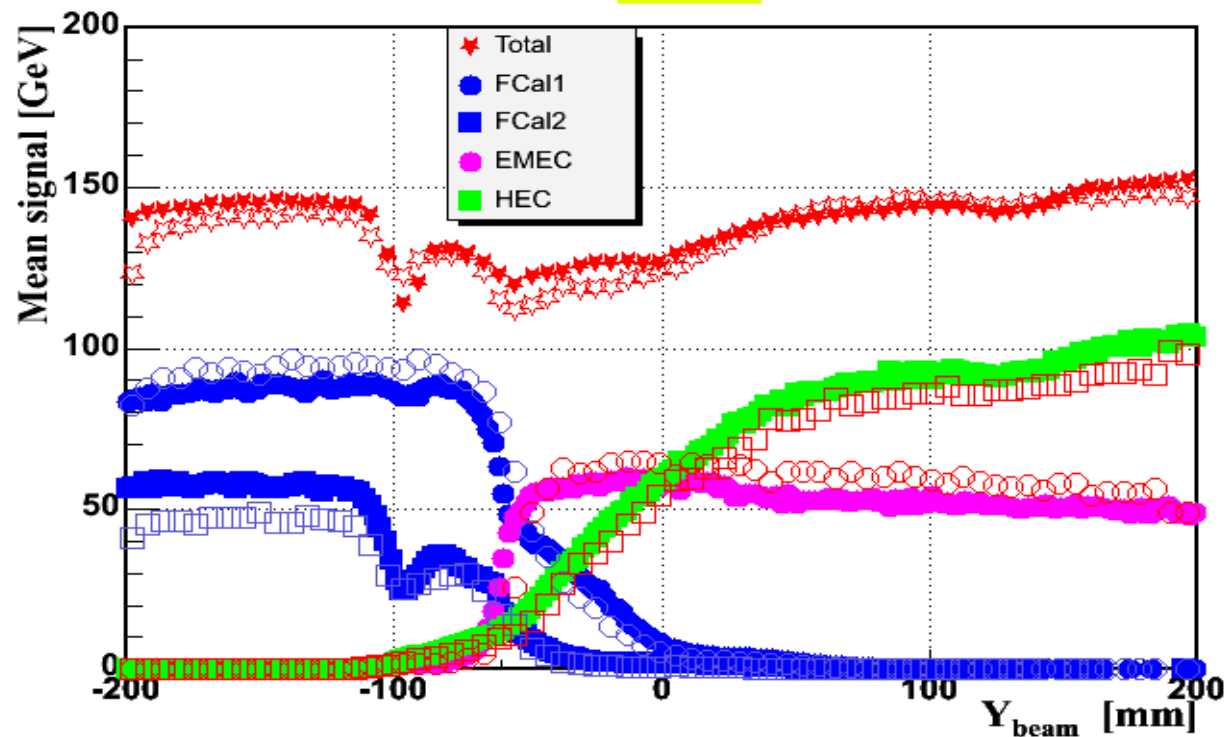
- cone and 3x3 clusters - easy to subtract noise
- topo 633 cluster - average noise subtracted
- EM 3x3 cluster with a "standard" EM corrections – gives the best result
- FCAL MC is worse than data – but it's much closer to data with newer G4 (new multiple scattering ?) and ATLAS sw. release

- Basic performance for pions:

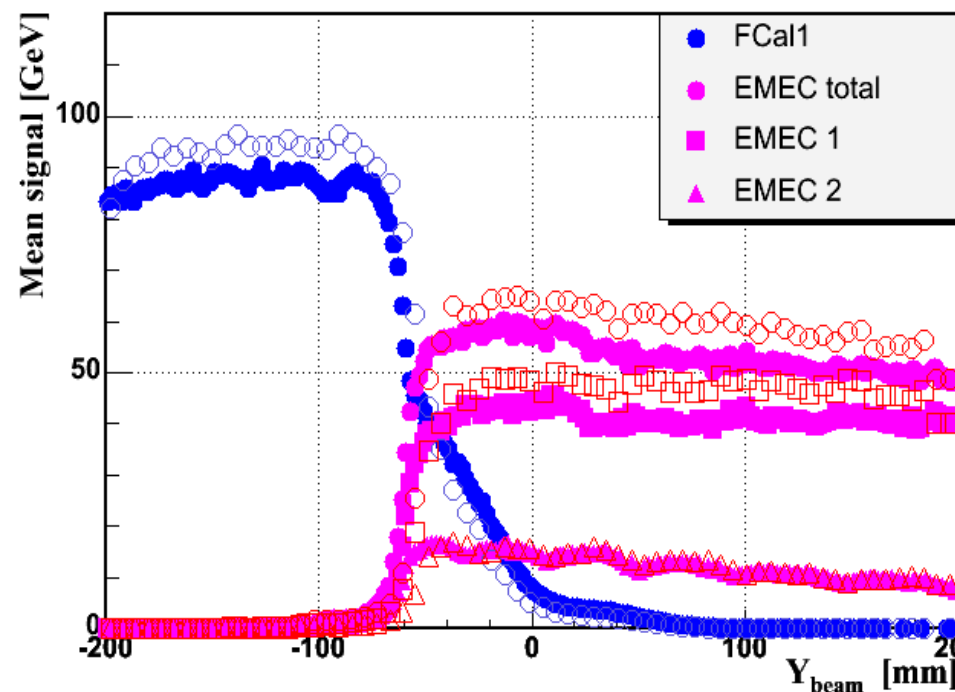
Y-scan of 200 GeV pions over a crack

- reasonably well described
- position of standard impact points showed
- MC is QGSP_GN, e.m. scale is fixed with electrons
- hint, that early showering in MC is present here

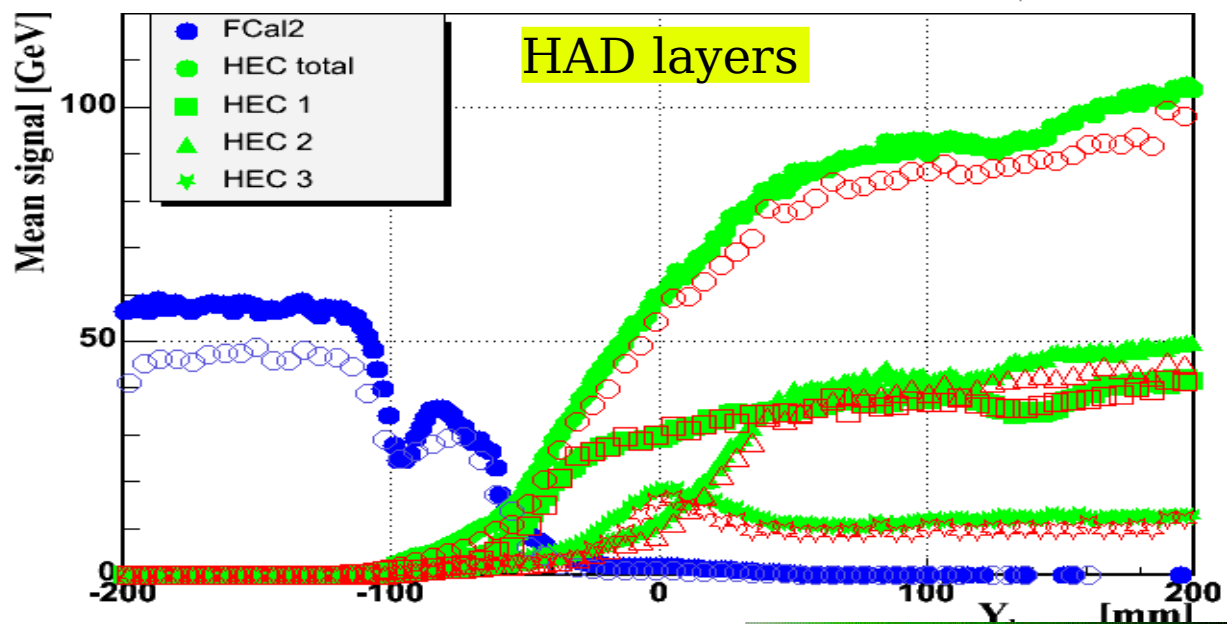
Total



EM layers



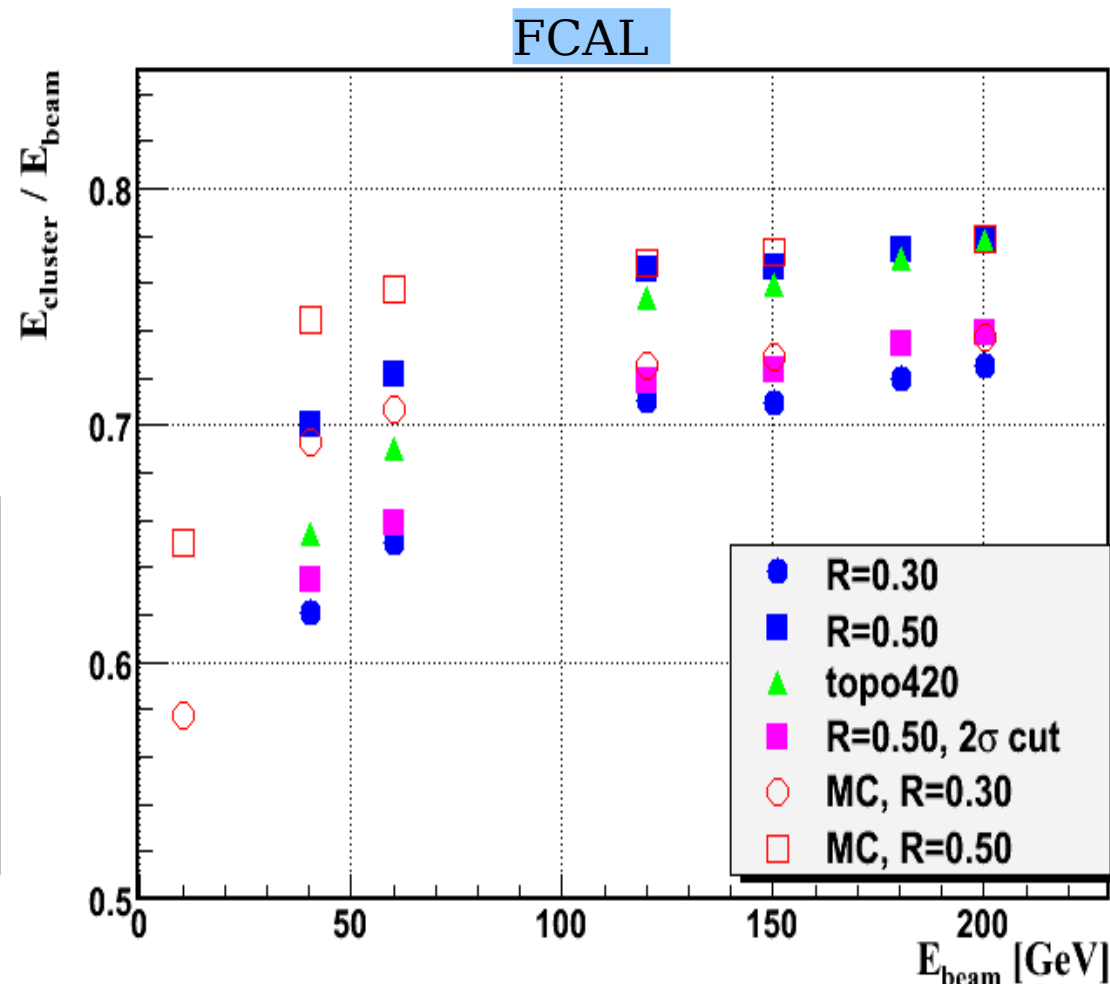
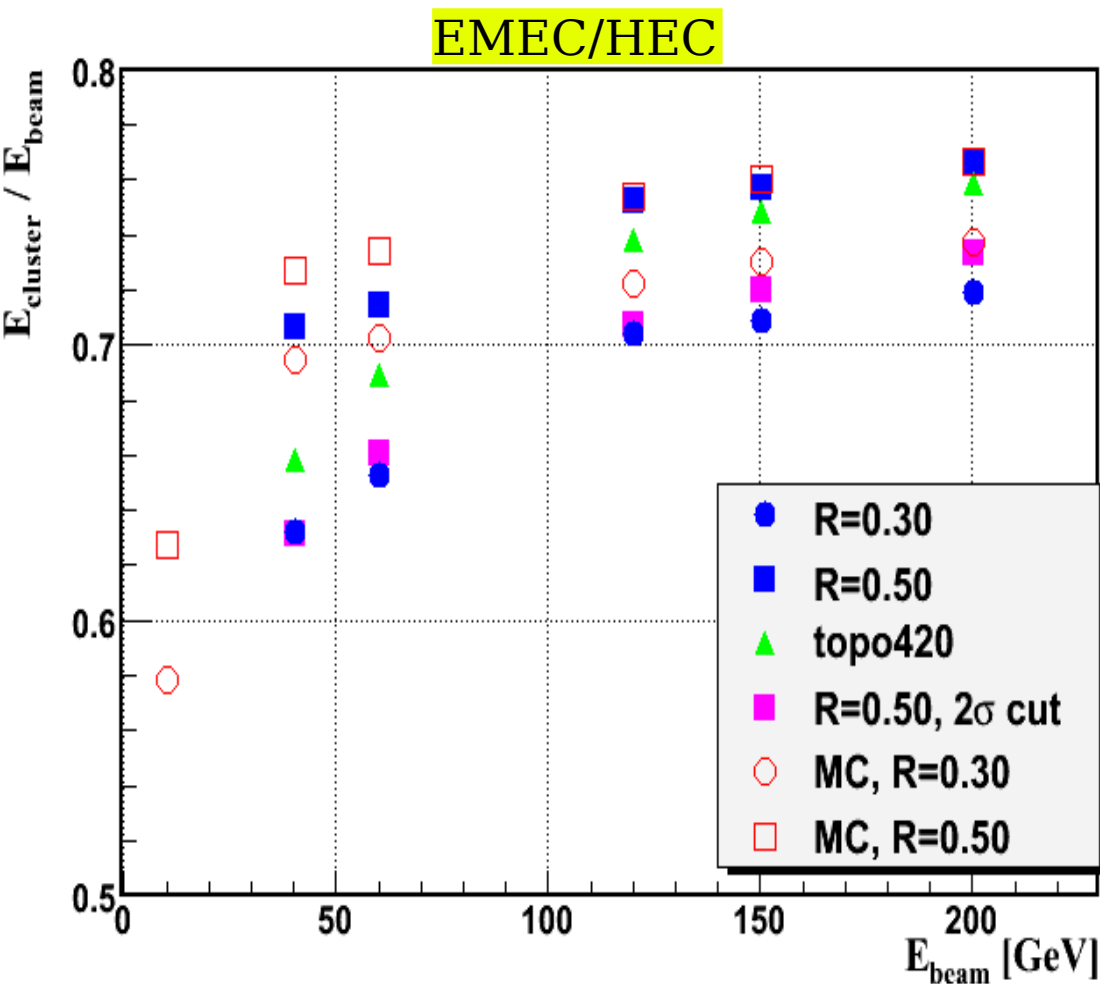
HAD layers



- **Basic performance for pions:**

Linearity of pions in two standard impact points (e.m. scale, MC is QGSP_BERT)

- cone clusters $R < 0.4, 0.5$
- topo cluster 420 and $R = 0.5$ with 2σ cell cut
- reasonably well described for higher energies and larger cluster
- discrepancy seen for lower energies

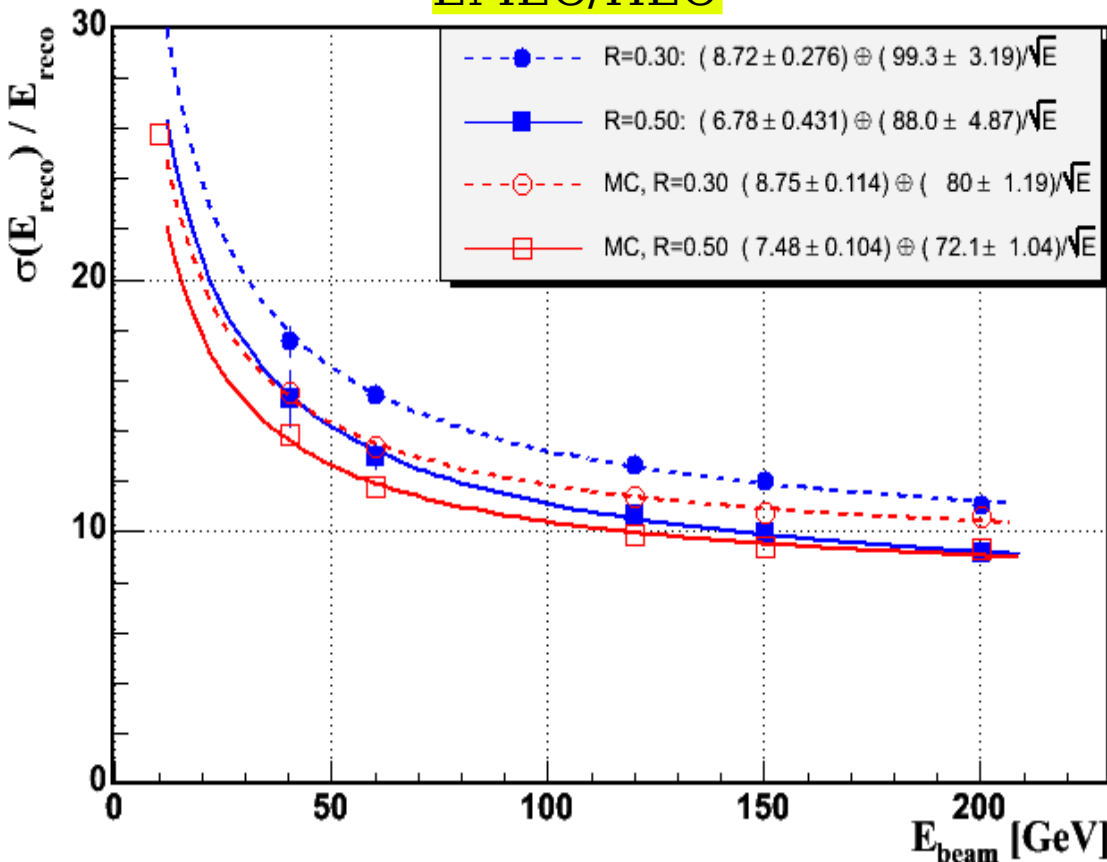


- **Basic performance for pions:**

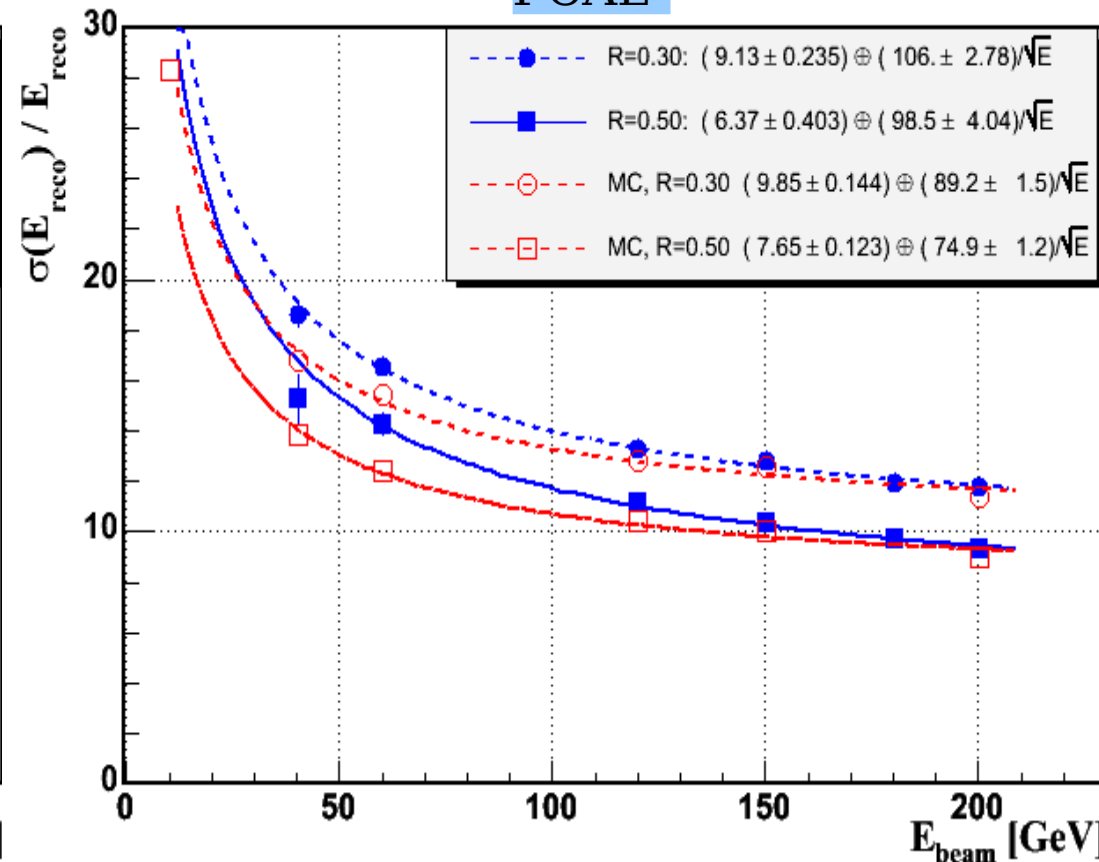
Energy resolution of pions in two standard impact points (MC is QGSP_BERT)

- cone clusters $R < 0.3, 0.5$
- noise subtracted in data - event-by-event estimated for cone, no noise in MC
- one calibration constant per layer in cone
- MC is close for constant term and too optimistic for sampling term - different to HEC TB, there were a good description with G4. (Both QGSP_GN and QGSP_BERT physics lists shows this difference.)

EMEC/HEC



FCAL

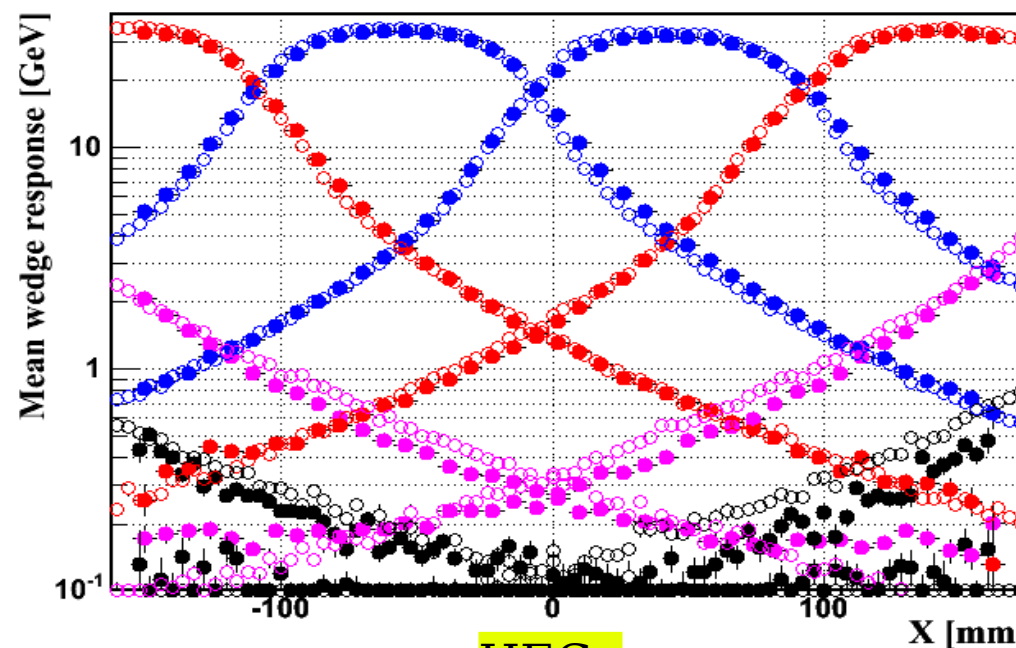


- Lateral shower profile:

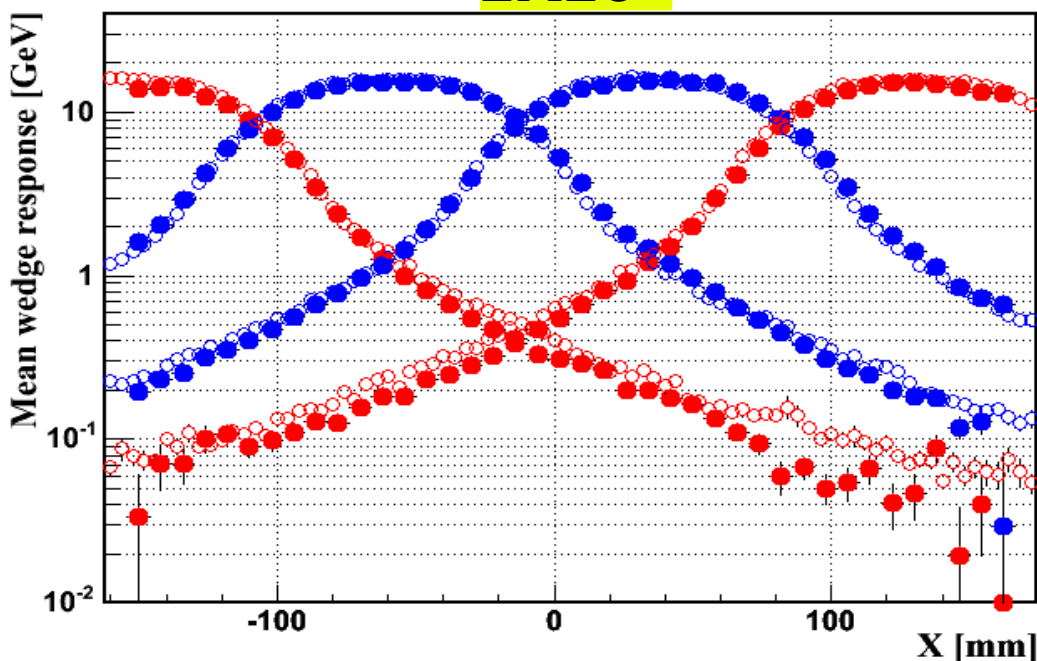
X-scan of 60 GeV pions over a EMEC/HEC region (data are full, MC open symbols)

- each profile is energy summed in one phi-bin
- reasonably well described, small difference on far tails
- MC is QGSP_BERT, still some hint on early showering (EM part slightly more energy on tails, HAD slightly less)

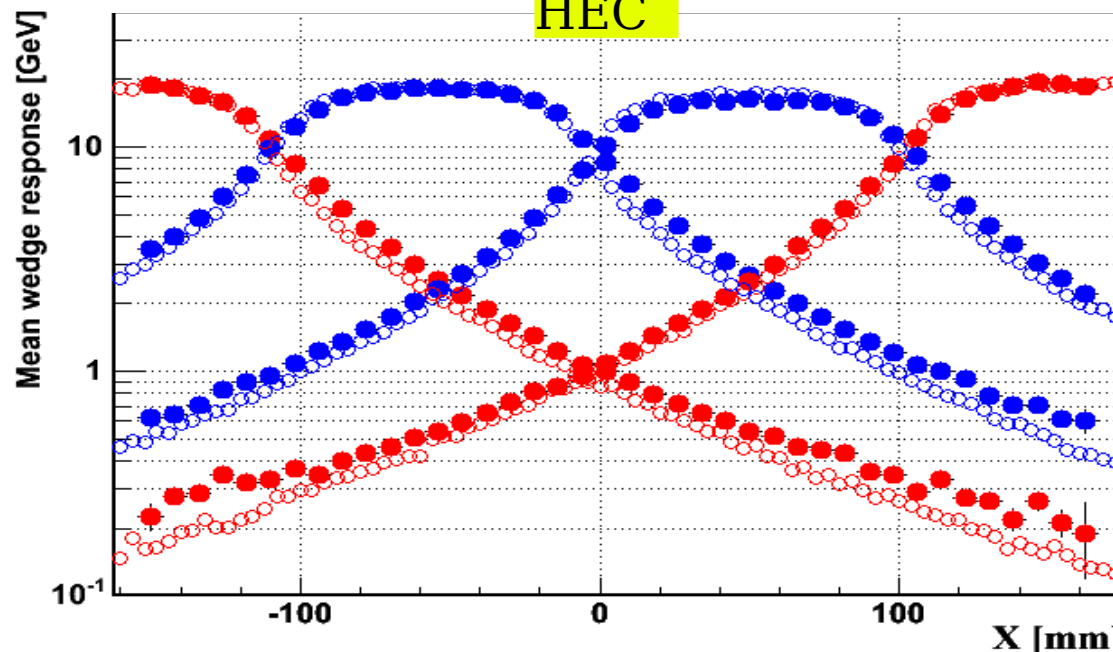
Total



EMEC



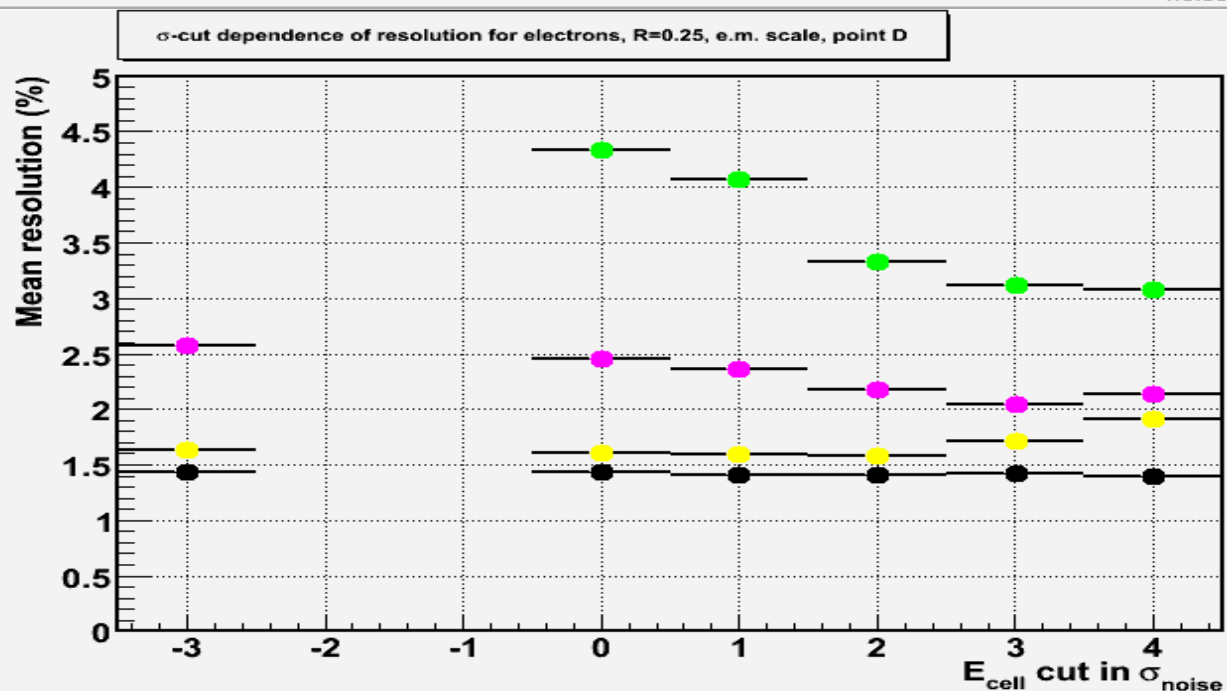
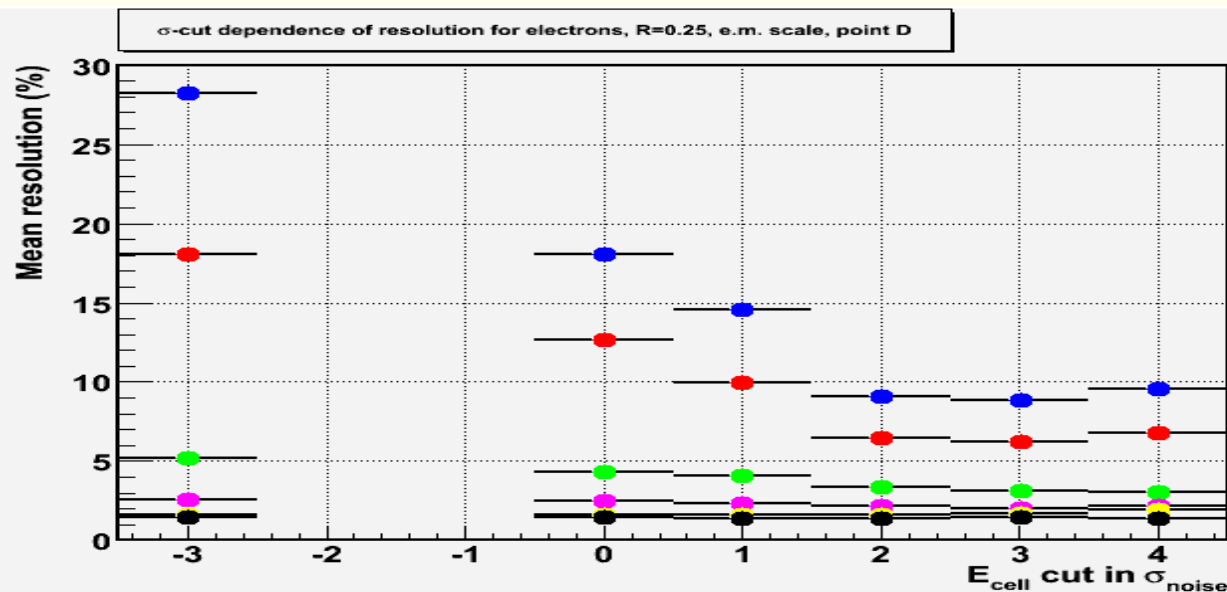
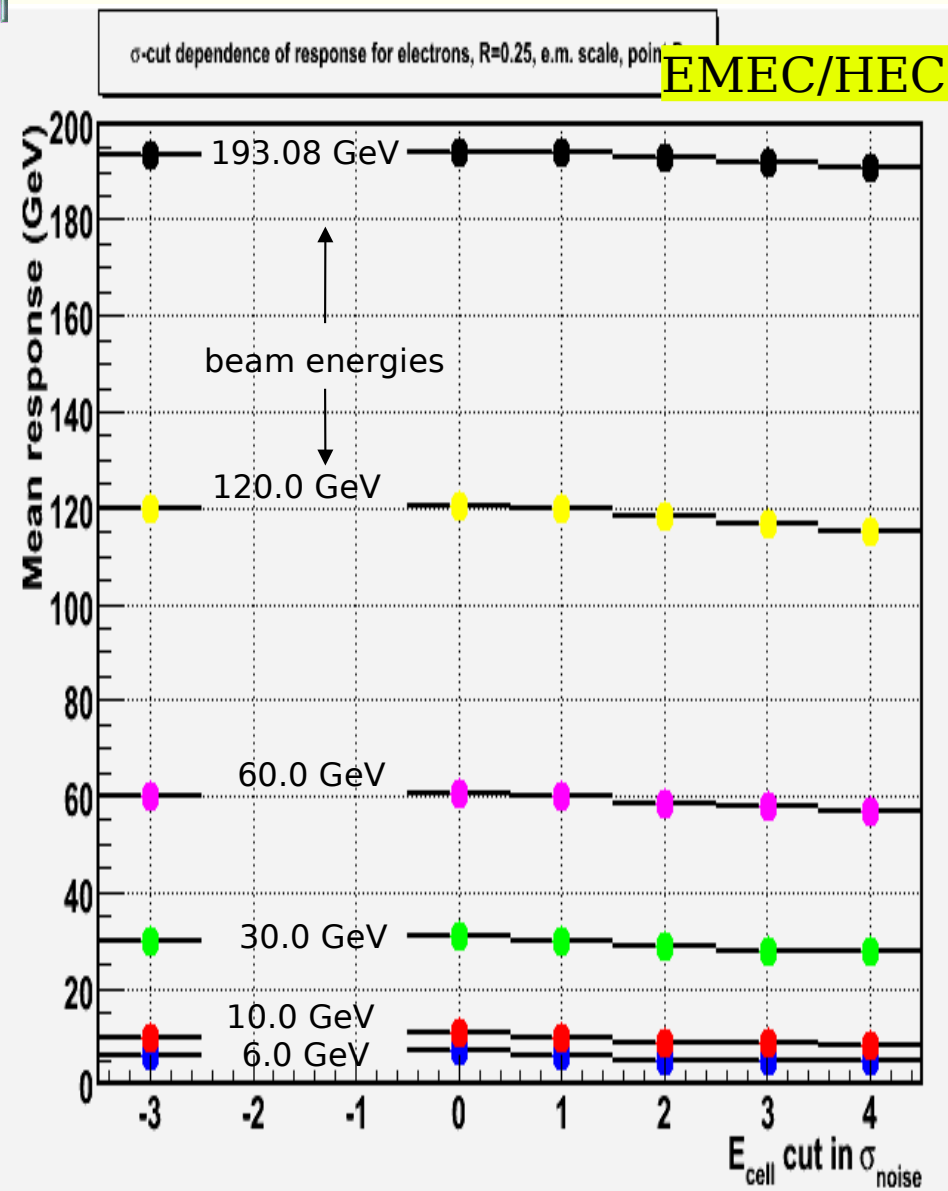
HEC



◆ Noise cuts analysis

◆ scale and resolution for electrons, , -3 means no cut at all:

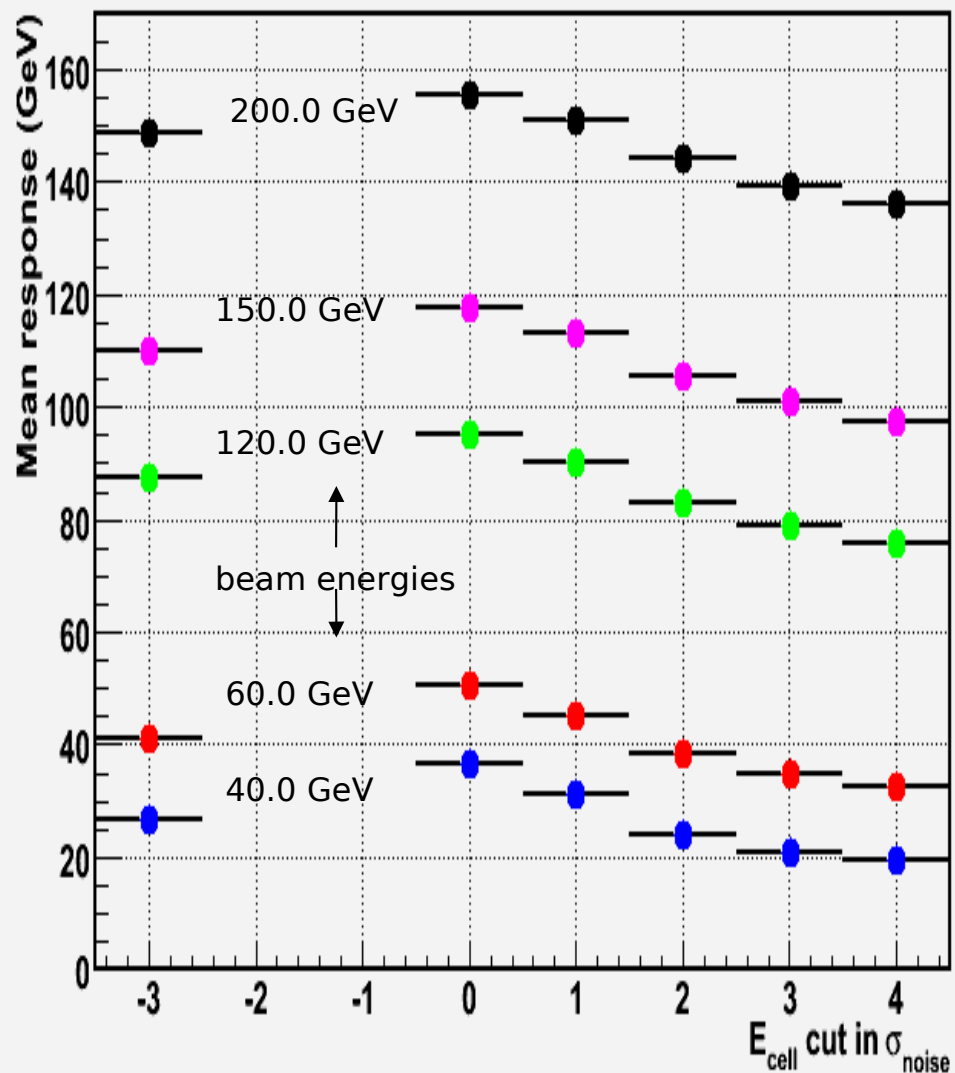
- resolution optimal $\sim 3 \sigma$ cell cut



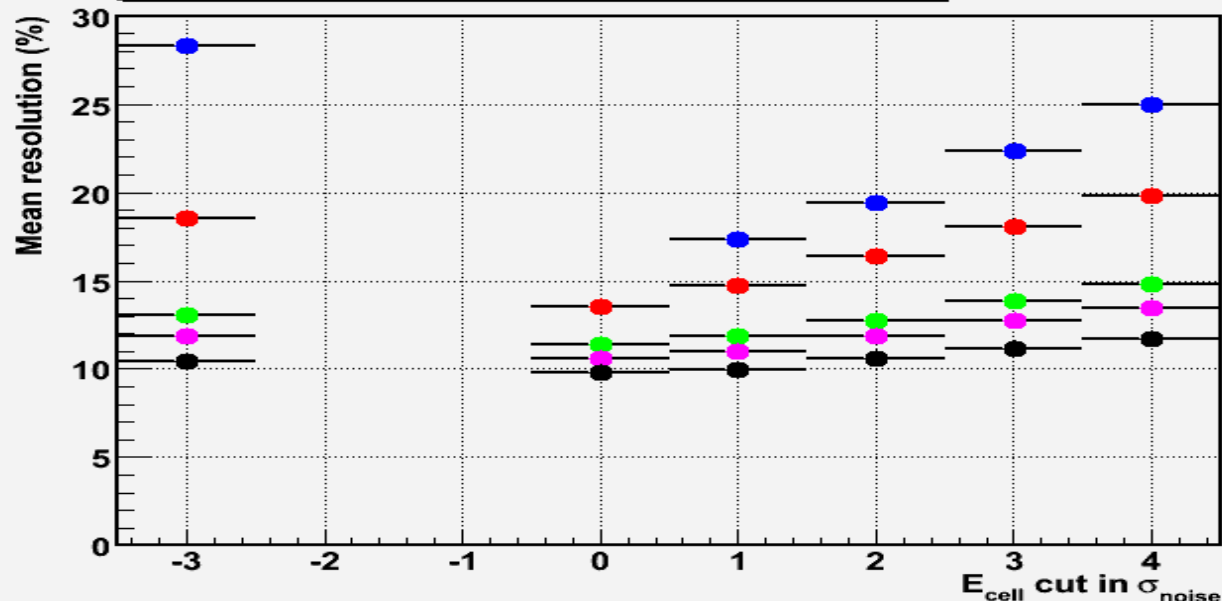
◆ Noise cuts analysis

- ◆ scale and resolution for pions (e.m. scale):
- above 0 σ resolution only worsers

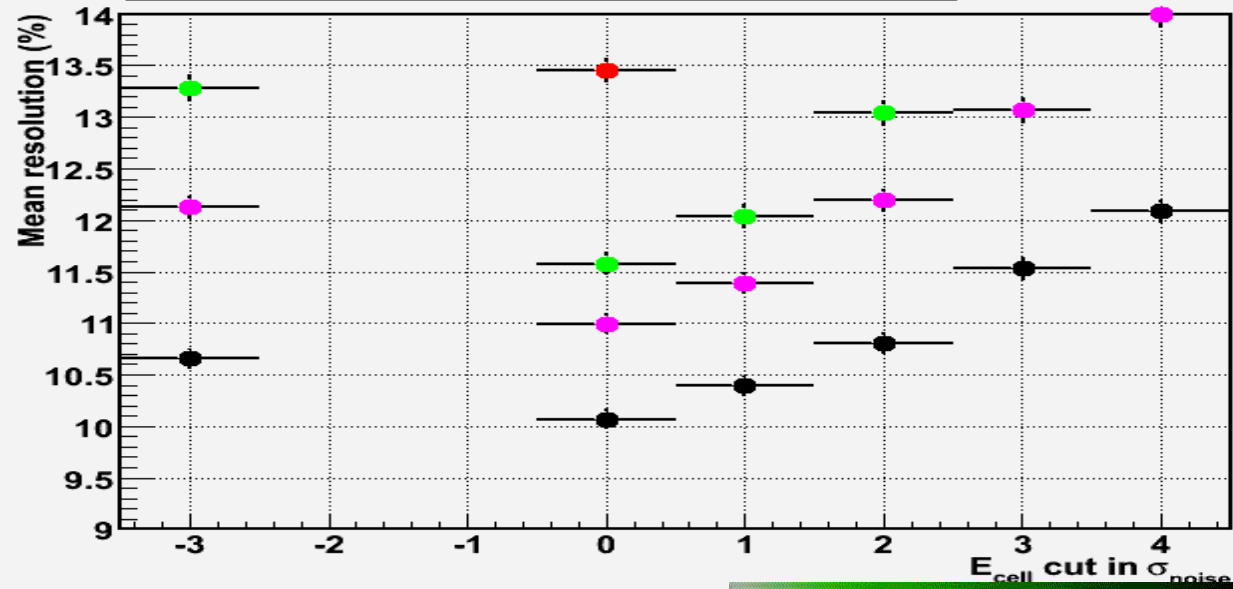
σ -cut dependence of response for pions, R=0.40, e.m. scale, point D



σ -cut dependence of resolution for pions, R=0.40, point D



σ -cut dependence of resolution for pions, R=0.40, e.m. scale, point D



- **Conclusions:**

- Performance of ATLAS LAr Endcap calorimeters in the crack region ($2.5 < |\eta| < 4.0$) was studied in beam test, and is basically understood
- ◆ This test closes the extensive program of beam-testing the ATLAS LAr endcap calorimeters modules, started already at 1996
- ◆ Standard parameters of noise, response and resolution extracted
- ◆ Expected parameters for electrons seen, well compared with MC
- ◆ For pions MC does not describe data perfectly (larger response and better resolution) at low energies, quite good description at higher energy
- ◆ Limited acceptance makes results very sensitive to a proper shower description in MC, here QGSP_BERTINI physics list gives better results (not all possible physics list tested yet)
- ◆ First paper accepted for publication in NIM A (describing in more details what was presented here)
- ◆ Next paper will follow, containing the results presented by next speakers